

### HOMELESS

### at HOME



Homeless Shelter, New York City, 1984

### An Open Exhibition

What is it like to be without home? Why is home so important for humans? Formulate a physical and psychological solution from which home can be constructed for homeless.

### Schedule

Design Package Available on April 1 Registration Closes on June 15

Submissions Arrive in NYC by November 15

Exhibition runs Nov. 23 to Dec. 29, 1985

Artists, Architects, Designers & Others All Entries will be exhibited. Exhibition in New York City

### Entry Procedure

Entry fee is \$25.00.
Send a check or money order made payable to "Cultrual Council Foundation for Storefront".
Mail to STOREFRONT,
51 Prince St, New York,
N.Y... 10012 N.Y., 10012

Fee helps pay for design package & exhibition.

### STOREFROI

Art and Architecture

.51 Prince St, New York, NY 10012 212-431-5795 Kyong Park/Glenn Weiss Funded in part by New York State Council on the Arts

### HOMELESS at HOME

### Invitation

The nation that once stood as 'home' for the tired and poor from abroad now is unwilling to house all its citizens. National media all its citizens. National media and government deny the destitute reality of over 1 million men, women and children by reciting the American mythology of freedom - "they are homeless by choice." In fear of permanent fiscal responsibility, NYC gives minimum shelter and beds only in response to court orders. As our governments avoid creating solutions, more and more people will be forced, without choice, into the streets as demolition, gentrification and rent lition, gentrification and remoinflation diminish the amount of

Infration diminish the amount of low-income housing.

The list of physical human rights begins with food, clothing and 'home' - not shelter or housing. While the peripheral appearances and social contents of home changed in modern times, the central value of 'home' remained. 'Home' gives the personal order through which exists the change to partake in exists the chance to partake in society. A society that denies a person 'home' strips him of a place in which his humanness can survive and mars itself by creat-

ing outcast citizens.
STOREFRONT asks artists, architects and others to overcome the isolation of art-for-art's-sake, and to release art with the quest-ion of life itself. You are to envision proposals which can heal the physical and metaphysical scars bestowed upon the homeless and, through collective exhibition, offer your proposals to a public beginning to seek concrete solutions. These physical proposals that satisfy human needs of one or many, for an hour or a millennium, must rise from an honest will to create a positive base for human create a positive base for human

### Directors' Statements

Kyong Park

For some people, Home is the physical paradigm of human existence in the cosmos, where the roof is to behold the dome of the sky, the floor is to shape the contour of the earth, the walls are to embrace the perception of space. For some people, 'home' is a cardboard box for physical survival above a sidefor physical survival above a side-walk, where the roof is to repel rain, the floor is to cover steamvents, the walls are to sustain body heat. Somewhere between Home and 'home', you and I will find our home. And no matter how differ-ent our needs and dreams are, the common denominator for all human is the fundamental necessity of home: a physical construction which gives our survival and aspiration.

### Glenn Weiss

Rarely can artists and architects: overcome their inherent distrust of positivism to trespass into the positivism to trespass into the frontier between the concerns of art and of society. The skills and knowledge gained from years of private and specialized investigation of art and architecture can be turned into useful tools to understand and create for a society devoid of answers to a real problem. In the past, ideas and visions created by artists and non-artists have provided the inspiration for both good and bad realties made by others with means. At this moment of need for thousands of our citizens, turn your art and mind, perhaps just once in your life, toward the creation of the seeds that spawn a better future for both another human and humanness itself. itself.

### Submission Guidelines

The homeless exist; create for them. The public requires understanding and real proposals in order to act; present to them. The directors place no limits upon the kind or scale of the vision, only sincerity. The exhibition will include solicited new ideas and selected efforts in operation around the country. Wall mounted drawings, paintings or constructions should not exceed 18 eq. ft. of wall area. Floor and table displayed models or constructions should not exceed 9 sq. ft. of floor area. Books of drawings, photographs and writings are invited. Directors reserve the right not to display any submission which has nothing to do with the homeless. All submissions will be returned and remain the property of the maker.

### Design Package

Two design packages will be sent to every entrant. The first package, available after April 1, contains general information describing the homeless people, current facilities and the causes of homelessness in the USA. A second package available after July 1, contains essays and statements by artists, architects, critics, management of homeless facilities and organizations and the homeless themselves.

### STOREFRONT

A Program of the Cultural Council Foundation

Adam Purple above his



See <u>News</u>, "Progressive Architecture", Nov. '84

STOREFRONT is a not-for-profit organization of artists and architects who have maintained a gallery in New York City since May '82. In three years, over 300 artists and architects have presented their work through exhibits, installations, slides, films, portfolios, performaces and publications. STOREFRONT activities include 1) Solo exhibitions of artist and architects whose works are unknown, yet a creative source for the future. 2) Thematic group exhibitions where the merging of art and architecture can occur by both groups addressing a common issue. 3) Projects where artists and architects can apply their creativity to the issues of society and its environment. Previous projects include the reuse of Brooklyn's polluted Gowanus Canal and alternative housing projects designed to save The Garden of Eden in NYC from its Housing Authority. STOREFRONT is a not-for-profit organization of artists

### STOREFRONT for Art & Architecture

97 Kenmare Street New York, NY 10012 212-431-5795

Director Founder Kyong Park

Associate Director Shirin Neshat

Board of Directors Clifton Balch Mojdeh Baratloo Frederick fed Castle Dan Graham Richard Plunz Lucio Pozzi

Board of Advisors Kent Barwick Richard Haas Nam June Park Michael Sorkin James Wines Lebbeus Woods

### HOMELESS AT HOME

A Public Project Summary

The Project Homeless At Home began in 1984 through the collaboration of Mojdeh Baratloo, Clifton Balch, Rebecca martin, Glenn Weiss and Kyong Park. The purposes of the project were to present the problem of the homeless to the community of artists and architects, and to collectively present visual propositions and statemnts through the means of the arts. Together with Project Directors, Jean Francois Blassel, Rosemary Cellini, and Kim Higgins the project evolved to a series of events in the following order:

August 8 to August 31, 1985

Beneath the Face: Portraits of the Poor by Nancy Miller Elliot

An exhibition of black and white photographs of poor and homeless people living in New York City. Nancy Miller Elliot, formerly a painter, has been photographing people from all walks of life since 1985. The exhibited photographs were taken from 1983 to 1985, and were untitled to respect the privacy of the individuals. Curators of the exhibition were Mojdeh Baratloo and Clifton Balch, architects. The exhibition was reviewed in the November 1985 issue of Photo Japan.

October 12 to November 2, 1985

Images and Words about Homeless

An exhibition of color images stenciled on the walls of STOREFRONT by artists and architects who created simple graphics dramatizing the problem of homelessness. Images were also stenciled on certain New York City streets to create public awareness and on a banner created as a permanent record of the exhibition. Curators of the exhibition were Carlo McCormick and Robert Costa and coordinated by Glenn Weiss, Barbara Yoshida, Shirin Neshat and Carla Davis. The exhibition was reviewed in The New York Times, The Daily News and Soho Arts Weekly.

October 24 to October 26, 1985

American Institute of Architects: Conference on Housing the Homeless

STOREFRONT was invited to submit projects to be exhibited at the headquarters of the American Institute of Architects in Washington, D.C. Twenty-two designs for shelters, alternative forms of housing and expressive art works by participants in the Homeless At Home project were exhibited. The submission was coordinated by Jean François Blassel and Kathleen McQuaid, architects.

### TOREFRON for Art & Architecture.

97 Kenmare Street New York, NY 10012 212-431-5795

### HOMELESS AT HOME

### A Public Project Summary

Kyong Park Ale Associate Directorl

The Project Homeless At Home began in 1984 through the collaboration of Mojdeh Baratloo, Clifton Balch, Rebecca Martin, Glenn Weiss and Kyong Park. The purposes of the project were to present the problem of/homeless to the community of artists and architects, and to collectively present visual propositions and statements through the means of the arts. Together with Project Directors, Jean Francois Blassel, Rosemary Cellini, and Kim Higgins the project evolved to a series of events in the following order:

August 8 to August 31, 1985 Beneath the Face: Portraits of the Poor by Nancy Miller Elliot

An exhibition of black and white photographs of poor and homeless Roard of Directors Chitton Balch
Mojdeh Baratloo
Frederick Led Castle
Dan Graham
Roard of Directors
The exhibition of black and white photographs of poor and roaries of people living in New York City. Nancy Miller Elliot, formerly a painter, has been photographing people from all walks of life since the privacy of the individuals. Curators of the exhibition were to the privacy of the individuals. Curators of the exhibition were to the privacy of the individuals. The exhibition was reviewed in the November 1985 issue of Photo Japan.

> October 12 to November 2, 1985 Images and Words about Homeless

An exhibition of color images stenciled on the walls of STOREFRONT by artists and architects who created simple graphicy dramatizing the problem of homelessness. Images were also stenciled on certain New York City streets to create public awareness and on a banner created as a permanent record of the exhibition. Curators of the exhibition were Carlo McCormick and Robert Costa and coordinated by Glenn Weiss, Barbara Yoshida, Shirin Neshat and Carla Davis. The exhibition was reviewed in the New York Times, Daily News, Soho Arts Weekly etc. Arts Weekly, etc.

October 24 to October 26, 1985 American Institute of Architecture: Conference on Housing the Homeless

STOREFRONT was invited to submit projects to be exhibited at the American Institute of Architecture's Headquaters in Washington, D.C.

(22) desgins for shelters, alternative forms of housing and expressive art works by participants in the Homeless At Home Project were exhibited. The submission was coordinated by Jean François Blassel and Kathleen McQuaid, architects.

March 2 to March 29(exter#ed to May 30), 1986 Homeless At Home

An exhibition of designs for shelters and alternative housing for the homeless by sixty five artists and architects, as well as video documentation of the lives of homeless people from the streets to quality residences. Prior to the exhibition, design packages I and II were distributed among the participants to better inform them about the homeless issue in America. The research were done by the committee of the project. This exhibition was successfully received by various publications such as the New York Times, Village Voice, Architectural Record, Progressive Architecture, East Village Eye, Miami Harold, Daily News, Manhattan Arts, New Arts Examiner and Cree from France).

### Homeless At Home Catalogue

STOREFRONT has completed a catalogue to conclude our one year project and exhibition. This catalogue is a collection of documentation, summary of the project and critical essays and articles on the issue of homelessness. The Homeless At Home catalogue will be an edition of FXONT, STOREFRONT's publication. We hope to expand the content and improve the quality of the catalogue, once the additional funding is raised. The coordination of this catalogue was done by the following individuals. Kyong Park, Shirin Neshat, David Hanawalt and Suzanne McClellad.

Dan Graham Buhah Mung Lucin Joseph Yoj Would at Advisors Kent Barwick Richard Haas Nam Jane Park Michael Sorkia James Wines

Lebbeits Woods

### Beneath the Face: Portraits of the Poor October 12 - November 2, 1985

Nancy Miller Elliot started her "Portraits of the Poor" series in 1980 withe a 35mm camera given to her by Buck Clayton. Since then she has been on the streets of New York with her subjects, whom she knows personally and with whom she has spent long hours. In these portraits she has captured a stunning revelation of humanity. She is an artist of exceptional compassion and insight. We cannot pass by her portraits casually.

"I started as a painter, and I have always been fascinated by the human face. My work as a photographer continues this exploration. I am always looking for beauty, both outward and inward. In each portrait I wish to convey thee whole human being - what he or she is feeling. I want the viewer to look deep beneath the surface. I want the viewer to stir the emotions. These portraits are dedicated to the strength of the human spirit."

She began her photographic work in 1958, taking portraits of jazz legends including: Billie Holiday, Lester Young, Benny Goodman, Ella Fitzgerald, Sarah Vaughn, Count Bassie, Buck Clayton, Joe Williams, Artie Shaw, Eubie Blake, Jo jones, Roy Eldridge, Benny Carter, Mel Lewis, Thelonius Monk, and many others. Her photographs have been published in the Time-Life Giants of Jazz Series, The New York Times, the New York Daily News, The New York Post, New York Magazine, Downbeat, Jazz Journal, numberous jazz periodicals throughout Europe and Japan, and two books- Louis' Children: American Jazz Singers and Joe Williams: Blues Singer- by Leslie Grouse.

The exhibition was curated by BA-BA ARC, Mojdeh Baratloo and Clifton Balch.



### BENEATH THE FACE: PORTRAITS OF THE POOR

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NANCY MILLER ELLIOTT

photogravure print: Bob Solywoda

wall painting: Tom Elliott

"I started as a painter, and I have always been fascinated by the human face. My work as a photographer continues this exploration. I am always looking for the beauty, both outward and inward. In each portrait I wish to convey the whole human being - what he or she is feeling. I want the viewer to look deep beneath the surface. I want to stir the emotions. These portraits are dedicated to the strength of the human spirit."

Nancy Miller Elliott

Nancy Miller Elliott began her photographic work in 1958, taking portraits of jazz legends including: Billie Holiday, Lester Young, Benny Goodman, Ella Fitzgerald, Sarah Vaughn, Count Basie, Buck Clayton, Joe Williams, Artie Shaw, Eubie Blake, Jo Jones, Roy Eldridge, Benny Carter, Mel Lewis, Thelonius Monk, and many others. Her photographs have been published in the Time-Life Giants of Jazz series, The New York Times, New York Daily News. New York Post, New York Magazine, Downbeat, Jazz Journal, numerous jazz periodicals throughout Europe and Japan, and two books -Louis' Children: American Jazz Singers and Joe Williams: Blues Singer - by Leslie Grouse published by Quill.

She started her "FORTRAITS OF THE POOR" series in 1980 with a 35mm camera given to her by Buck Clayton. Since then she has been on the streets of New York with her subjects, whom she knows personally and with whom she has spent long hours. In these portraits she has captured a stunning revelation of humanity. She is an artist of exceptional compassion and insight. We cannot pass by her portraits casually.

### BENEATH THE FACE: PORTRAITS OF THE POOR

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NANCY MILLER ELLIOTT

photogravure print: Bob Solywoda

wall painting: Tom Elliott

"I started as a painter, and I have always been fascinated by the human face. My work as a photographer continues this exploration. I am always looking for the beauty, both outward and inward. In each portrait I wish to convey the whole human being - what he or she is feeling. I want the viewer to look deep beneath the surface. I want to stir the emotions. These portraits are dedicated to the strength of the human spirit."

Nancy Miller Elliott

Nancy Miller Elliott began her photographic work in 1958, taking portraits of jazz legends including: Billie Holiday, Lester Young, Benny Goodman, Ella Fitzgerald, Sarah Vaughn, Count Basie, Buck Clayton, Joe Williams, Artie Shaw, Eubie Blake, Jo Jones, Roy Eldridge, Benny Carter, Mel Lewis, Thelonius Monk, and many others. Her photographs have been published in the Time-Life Giants of Jazz series, The New York Times, New York Daily News. New York Post, New York Magazine, Downbeat, Jazz Journal, numerous jazz periodicals throughout Europe and Japan, and two books -Louis' Children: American Jazz Singers and Joe Williams: Blues Singer - by Leslie Grouse published by Quill.

She started her "PORTRAITS OF THE POOR" series in 1980 with a 35mm camera given to her by Buck Clayton. Since then she has been on the streets of New York with her subjects, whom she knows personally and with whom she has spent long hours. In these portraits she has captured a stunning revelation of humanity. She is an artist of exceptional compassion and insight. We cannot pass by her portraits casually.

### **STOREFRONT**

### Art and Architecture

Kyong Park/Glenn Weiss 51 Prince, New York, NY 10012 212-431-5795

We came across these photographs while searching for supporting material for a STOREFRONT project "HOMELESS AT HOME", a comprehensive endeavor to direct awareness to the existence, conditions and growing number of homeless people.

"BENEATH THE FACE: PORTRAITS OF THE POOR" is the first of a series of activities related to this project. The project will continue through March 1986, with an exhibition of more than 200 proposals by architects and artists confronting the issues of "home" and homelessness, ranging from solutions for existing sites to visionary projects. A lecture series is being organized in conjunction with the various activities and a publication has been planned.

This exhibition has been curated by BA-BA ARC, Moji Baratloo and Clif Balch.

August, 1985

### HOMELESS at HOME

THE PUBLIC PROJECT ENTITLED HOME/HOMELESS AT HCME ORIGINATES FROM OUR RECOGNITION THAT HOME IS AN ESSENTIAL FOUNDATION OF HUMAN EXISTENCE. THOSE WITHOUT HOME ARE WRONGLY ALIENATED FROM SOCIETY AND THEREFORE DENIED THE DIGNITY AND JUSTICE NECESSARY FOR HEALTHY AND PRODUCTIVE INTEGRATION WITH OTHERS. THE PROJECT CONSISTS OF A SERIES OF ONGOING EVENTS LEADING UP TO A MAJOR EXHIBITION SCHEDULED FOR EARLY SPRING OF 1986. THE EXHIBITION IS A FOCUSED PRESENTATION DESIGNED TO DISPLAY IMAGINATIVE THINKING ABOUT THE ISSUE TO THE PUBLIC AT LARGE. ONCE THIS WORKING RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN ART AND SOCIETY IS RECOGNIZED AND THEN STRENGTHENED, THERE IS NO LIMIT TO THE SOCIETAL CONCERNS WE CAN COLLECTIVELY CONFRONT.

THE STENCIL SHOW, AS ONE OF THE ONGOING EVENTS, WILL GIVE ARTISTS THE OPPORTUNITY TO JOIN TOGETHER AS A GROUP TO PUBLICALLY PRESENT THEIR FEELINGS ABOUT THE ISSUE OF HOME/HOMELESS. IT IS DESIGNED TO REFLECT OUR STRONG SUPPORT OF COLLECTIVE THINKING AS A NECESSARY COMPONENT TOWARDS THE ESTABLISHMENT OF PUBLIC AWARENESS AND RESPONSIBILITY.

LEGAL INFORMATION: Although it is technically considered "Criminal Mischief" (a misdemeanor), there is often automatic dismissal six months from receiving the ticket. If you are by chance ticketed, contact either one of these <u>VOLUNTEER</u> lawyers:

Larry Vogelman

Jane Freidson

(212) 790-0368 (212) 674-4188 (718) 499-5605

POLICE INFORMATION: If questioned, you must be prepared to state the purpose for stenciling on public property. Be VERY courteous and carry 2 current forms of ID with you. Also be knowledgeable of the identification of other

### STOREFRONT STATEMENT:

We at Storefront will only support and acknowledge the stenciling of sidewalks and the street. We will NOT take any responsibility for irresponsible defacement of public or private property. We suggest that you stencil only around the curb area.

### STENCIL SHOW SPECIFICS

Group meeting at Cuando (9 second ave). We will decide who will cover what zone at this time. The zones are: OCTOBER 6 10pm

- #1. 53rd thru 60th streets--UP ALL avenues between Lexington and Sixth Ave.
- #2. Penn Station--32nd thru 34th streets --up sixth and seventh avenues.
- #3. East Village -- E.4th thru E.12th streets -- between 3rd ave. and Ave. B.
- #4. Liberty Plaza (Wall St. area.)

DO NOT STENCIL ANYWHERE ON 42nd. STREET. STENCIL GRAND CENTRAL OR PORT AUTHORITY. DO NOT \*\*\*\* STREET.

OCTOBER 10 5-1Cpm Stencil on walls of Storefront Gallery

5-10pm Stencil on walls of Storefront Gallery OCTOBER 11

OCTOBER 12 12-5pm Opening for Stencil Show at Storefront Gallery

### HOW TO STENCIL

- There are various methods you may use to make your stencil:

  1. Box Stencil—cut the stencil in the bottom of a box and then use the box to store spray paint as you move from place to place.
  - 2. Screen Stencil--gesso the negative parts of the stencil on a wire screen The paint will then spray thru the positive parts.
  - 3. Cylinder--relief words/images on a cylinder shape to be rolled in paint and then on the street.
  - 4. Freehand painting -- as long as you are consistant.
  - 5. Regular stencil -- made out of paper or cardboard.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THE STENCIL SHOW, CONTACT THE ARTIST COMMITTEE AT STOREFRONT FOR ART AND ARCHITECTURE. FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT THE MAJOR EXHIBITION, PLEASE WRITE TO THE GALLERY--51 Prince St. N.Y.C. 10002

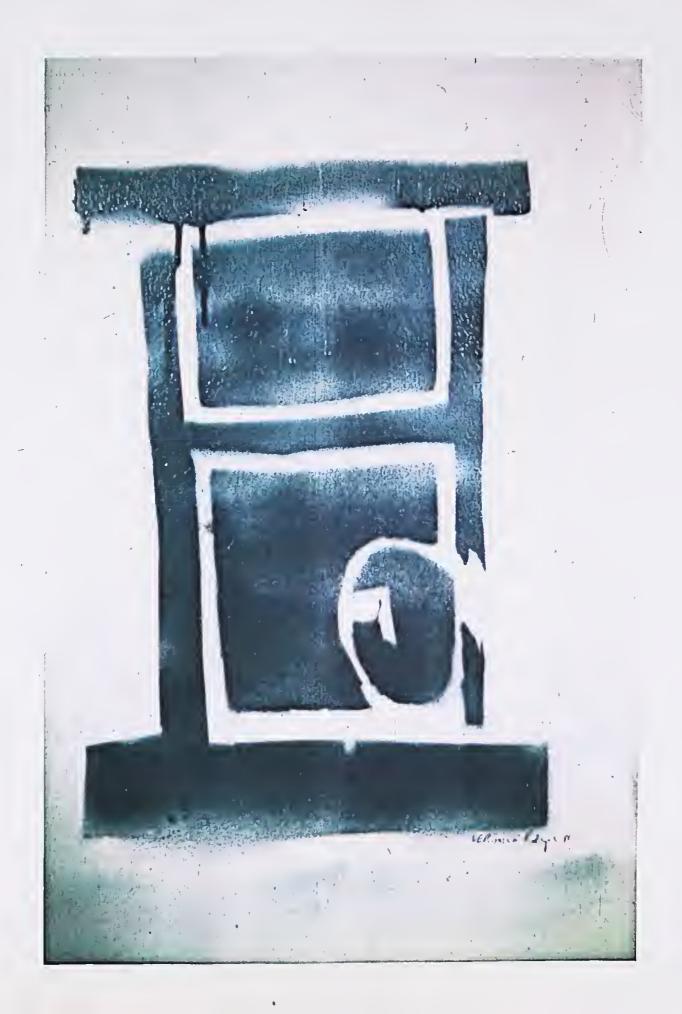
We also suggest that each artist document (5x7 B/W photo) his/her stencil. The photos will be exhibited at the gallery during the major exhibit.

### THE STOREFRONT FOR ART AND ARCHITECTURE

51 Prince Street

New York, New York 10012 212-431-5795 Kyong Fark/Glenn Weiss, Co-Directors Kim Higgins/Rosemary Cellini, Project Co-Directors





# W. H. E.



# FOR BOMELESS HOUSING HEE



## HOMELESS IN NYC

# HOMFIESSN

## MES FOR PEOPI NOT FOR PROF









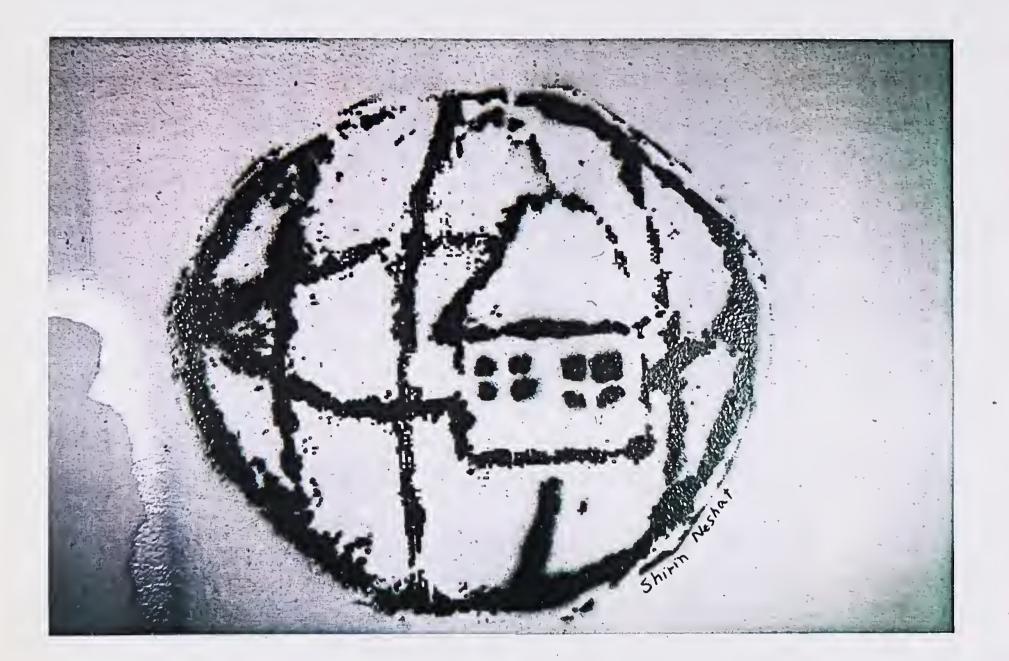




HOME FOR EVERYONE















American Institute of Architects:
Conference on Housing the Homeless
October 24 - October 26, 1986

Conference on Housing the Homeless October 24 - October 26, 1986 LINDA GATTER A LA 93 BEDFORD STREET NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10014

CAPE CANE TENT FRAME

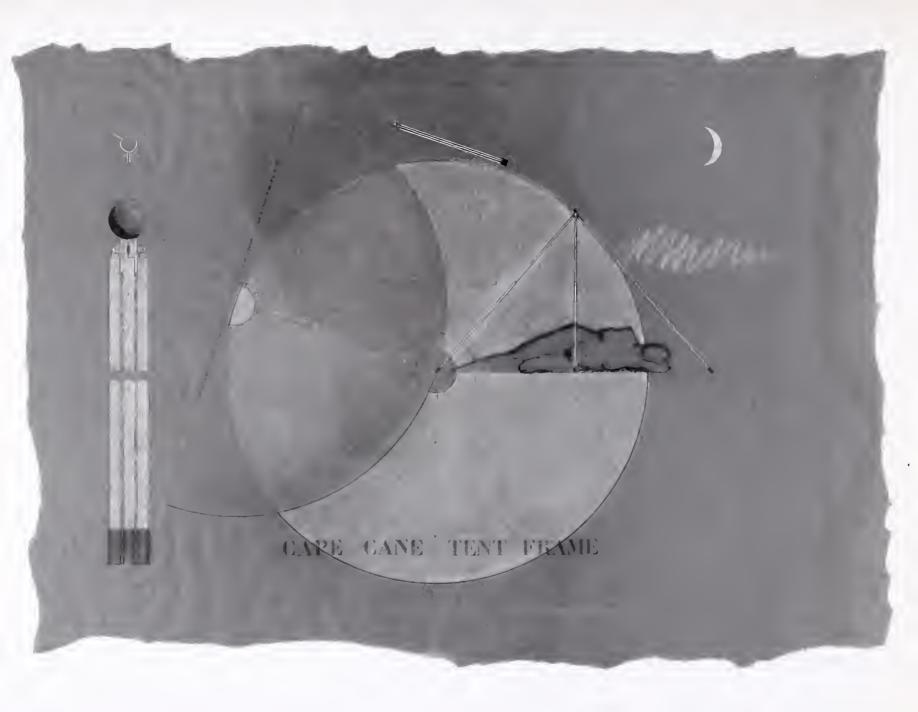
Pastel on kraft paper 1986

There are, among the homeless, those who choose/are forced to sleep outside the shelters In parks, on streets, in the corners of the city. For those, as shelter from the rain and cold and passing eyes, A cape and walking stick to make a tent.

"Antonio Averlino, known as Filarete, tells of how Adam, on a stormy day, faced with God who was chasing him from Eden, linked his hands over his head as if to form a roof, to make a form that would protect him from divine anger and from the rain. At that moment, and through that gesture, the first architecture appeared on the Earth."

Giancarlo de Carlo Thomas Cubitt lecture May 1978

"With \$6 we could get a room and get our suitcase back." Helen in William Kennedy's Ironweed



## KARAHAN / SCHWARTING ARCHITECTURE COMPANY 15 PARK ROW SOUTH TOWER 2710 NEW YORK N.Y. 10038 (212)608-9222

### LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

JOB NO

					9-26-87	SRO	
то	Storefront				Kyong Park		
	97 Kenmare St				S.K.O.		
	NYC						
				L			
WE A	RE SENDING YO	OU □ Atta	ached 🗆 Under separa	te cover via_		_the following items:	
	☐ Shop drawings		☐ Prints	☐ Plans	☐ Samples	☐ Specifications	
	☐ Copy of letter		☐ Change order	X By	Hands \$\$		
COPIES	DATE	NO.			DESCRIPTION		
		1	Description Br W 8×10 p				
		2	B+ W 8×10 0	hotoz			
THES	E ARE TRANSM	IITTED as	checked below:				
	For approval  For your use  As requested		☐ Approved as	submitted	☐ Resubmit	copies for approval	
			☐ Approved as	noted	☐ Submit	_copies for distribution	
			☐ Returned for	corrections	☐ Return	_corrected prints	
	☐ For review and comment		omment -				
	☐ FOR BID						
REMA							

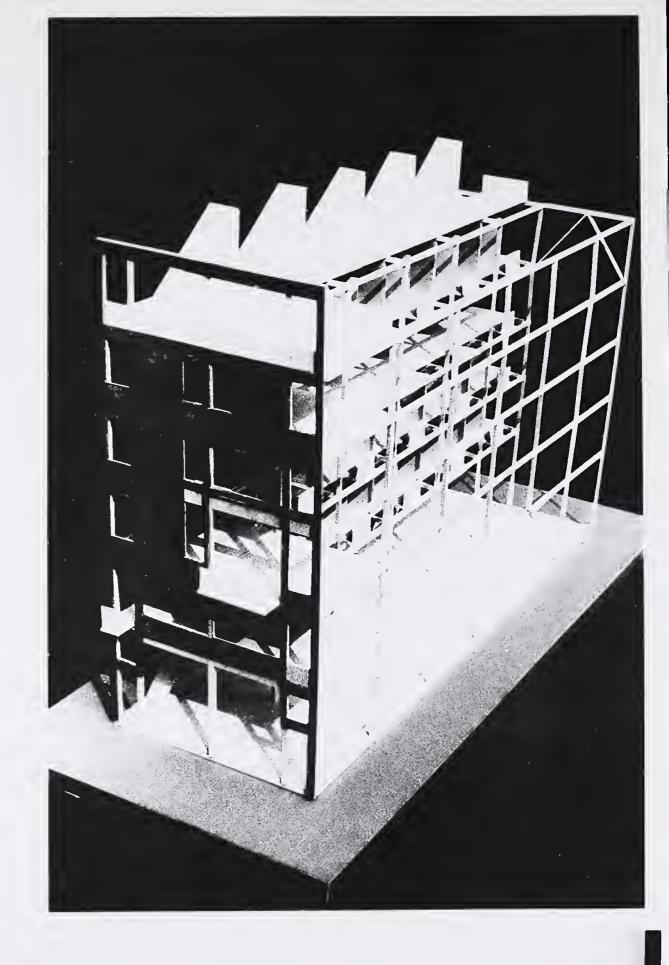
DATE

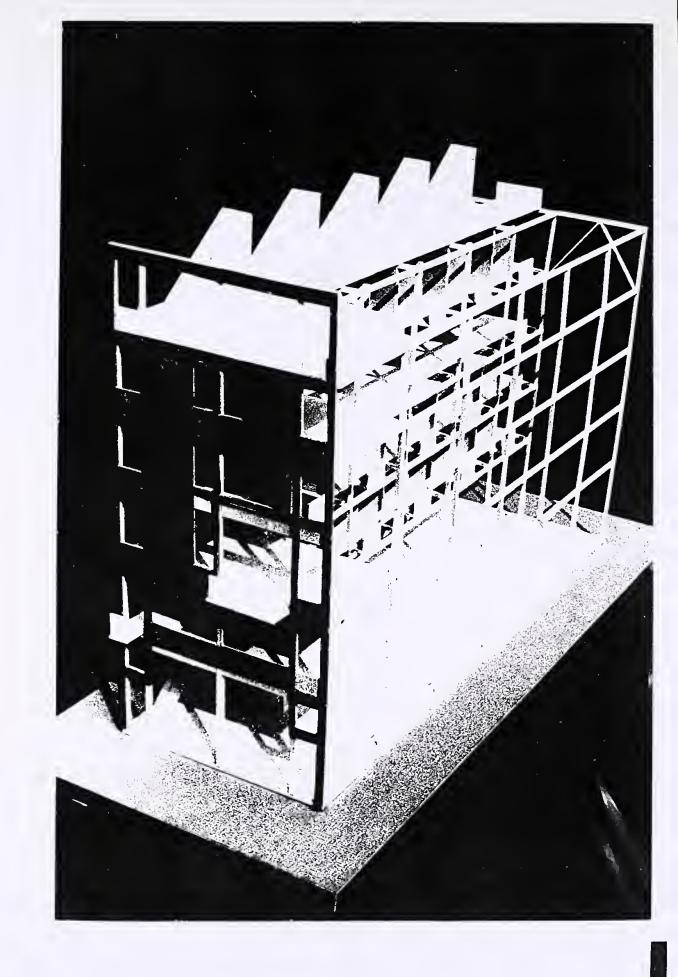
signed: Brana Thatey If enclosures are not as noted, kindly notify us at once.

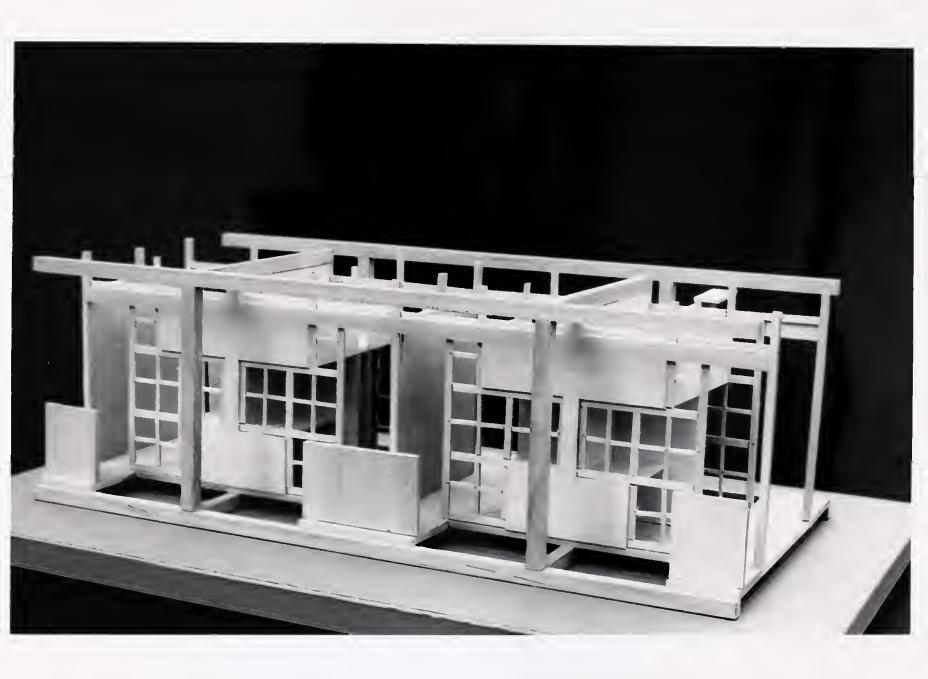
#### S.R.O.: Jon Michael Schwarting

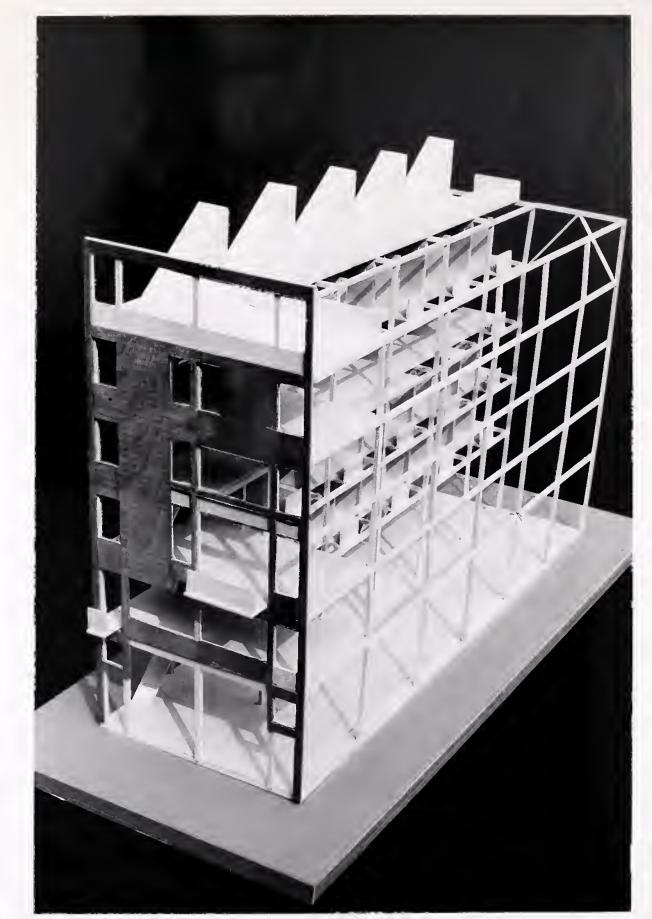
The principle analogue of this project, both socially and formally is the communal house experiments made in Russia in the 1920's. The concepts of community have been utilized for this S.R.O. Project to develop its sense of community, an elaboration, of public space, and at the same time, provide individual privacy. The other theme of the project is to create a spatial 'transparency' or ambiguity that would permit, the inherently small spaces to be defined within implicit larger readings. This spatial concept is intended to assist the motion of communal sharing by the overlap of space. These two concepts were developed in the form of a typical American townhouse site. The intention is to assume an integration rather than differentiation of people who live in single rooms regardless of their economic situation. This proposal is a 'party-wall' 'house' with, 30 private bedrooms, one living room, one dining room, one T.V./game room, one court and one vard.

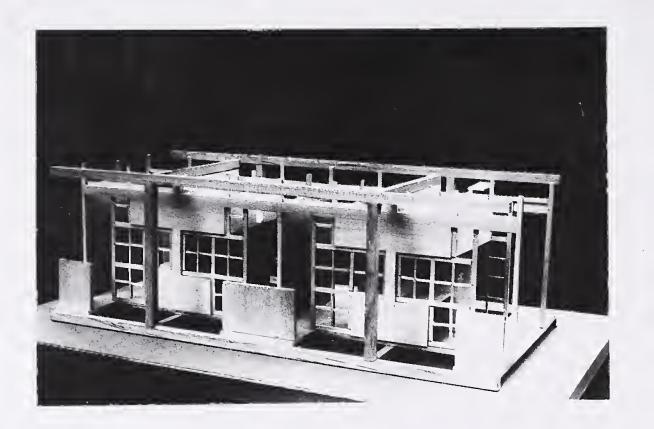
M2 606 922













,



## carolkalil40 east 7th st. (3M)

P.O. BOX 1692 N.Y.C. 10009 (212) 260-8014

### Martha Washington Chronicles

From being homeless to being homed but not at home.

All I have to do now is make money, close my eyes, click my heels and repeat; there's no place....



# carolkalil 140 east 7th st. (3M)

P.O. BOX 1692 N.Y.C. 10009 (212) 260-8014

NOTE: El am not a photographer.

I would have liked more contrast as in
the contact sheet. I would have also
liked the back window bright + blank.

(without the textue of the background.)

Maybe in printing you can change it.



# carolkalil 140 east 7th st. (3M)

P.O. BOX 1692 N.Y.C. 10009 (212) 260-8014

MARTHA WASHINGTON CHROMICLES - 1985



## carolkalil 40 east 7th st. (3M)

P.O. BOX 1692

ME: N. Y. C. 10009 (212) 260-8014

MARTHA WASHINGTON CHROWICLES (MODEL FOR INSTALLATION 14"HX14"WX141/4")

### ASA

Anderson/Schwartz Architects 40 Hudson Street New York New York 10013 212 608 0185

### TRANSMITTAL RECORD

TO Ms. Shirin Neshat	DATE 5/27/87
Storefront for Art and Architecture	JOB NO.
97 Kenmare Street	JOB TITLE
New York, NY 10012	
COPIES DES	CRIPTION REMARKS
Material requested for "Homeless at	Home" catalog
2 8x10 b & w photos	
7 slides	
1 page description '	

HOMELESS AT HOME

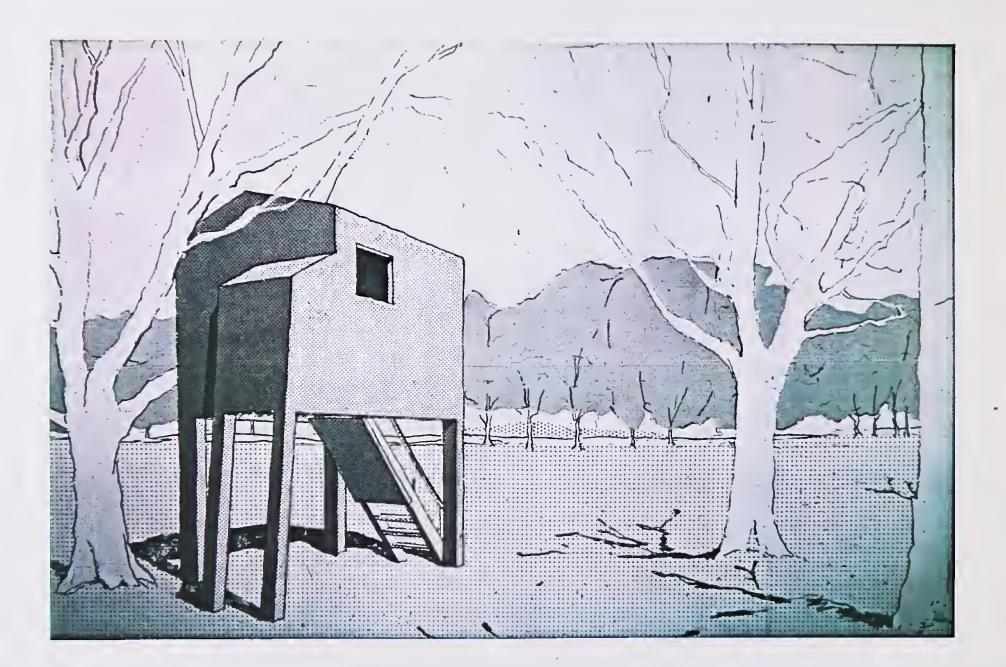
SHELTERS IN THE MEADOW CENTRAL PARK, NEW YORK CITY

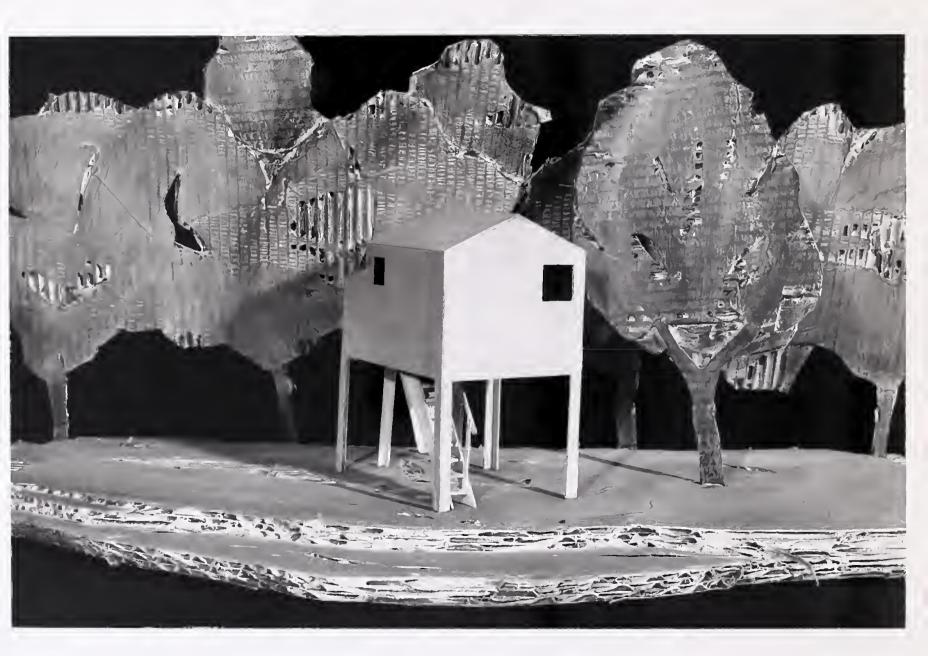
The shelters for the Sheep Meadow in Manhattan's Central Park take clues from the traditions and the built history of the park since its inception.

The Park's early shelters were built of wood and utilized simple vernacular details appropriate to their construction. They were situated at various points in the park to provide a resting spot or to mark the vista of a particularly scenic aspect of the landscape. They assumed an important role in the manner in which the park was used by mediating between the natural landscape and the built environment. Symbolic in their form, materials and method of construction, these early shelters embodied the rustic ideal of man's position in a pristine natural world.

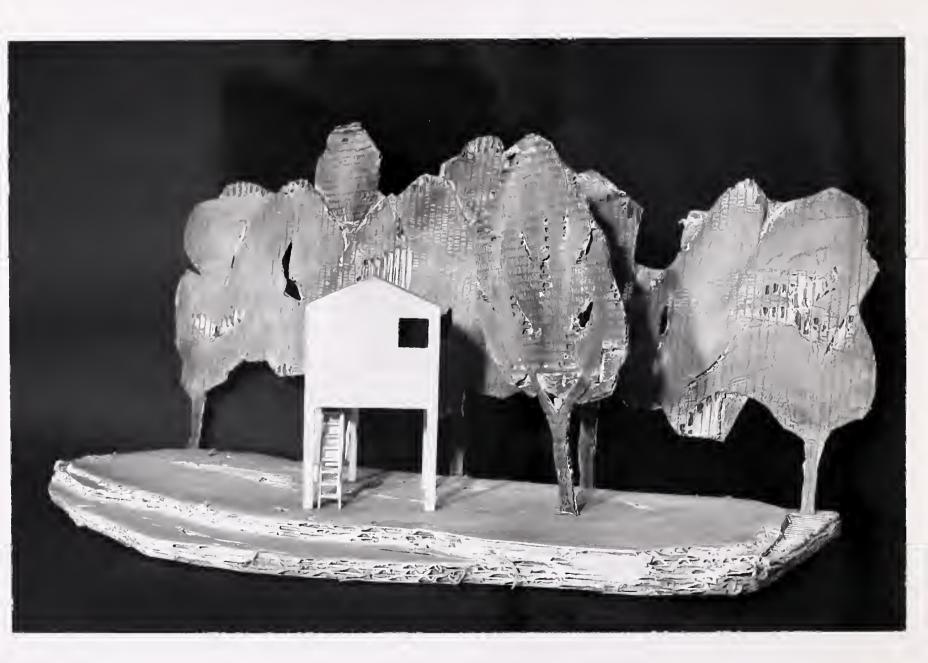
The shelters make contemporary use of traditional details and wood construction still appropriate to the park. The shelters for the Sheep Meadow stand alone or are gathered together in groups and accomodate one or two people. An area for the storage is located under the sleeping platform. To enter the shelter a pull down stair is provided which can be retracted after the occupant is inside, creating a secure place to spend the night. The stair can be closed and locked externally during the daylight hours. Beneath the shelter is a cool, shady place to picnic and rest or to escape from a passing shower.

The presence of these raised enclosures is consistent with the shelters and kiosks which are traditional elements of Central Park. Their active, somewhat agressive, formal qualities offer counterpoint to the calm repose of the park. Their slightly brooding character becomes evident as they wander, legs somewhat splayed, at the edge of the meadow.









Christopher Egan Architects

147 West 26th Street New York, New York (212) 627-5898

1 June 1987

Architecture alone can never solve problems which are societal in nature. The fact that large numbers of human beings lack the essential psychological and physical shelter of Home is symptomatic of severe societal dysfunction. What Architecture can and must do is solve those problems which can be expressed in architectural terms: spatial patterns, scale, cultural imagery, technical solutions, construction, and urban infrastructure. (The limits of Architecture do not, of course, relieve the Architect as an individual of the societal responsibilities of citizenship.)

This project is an attempt to provide an emergency shelter system that offers security, hygiene, privacy, and most importantly of all, human dignity. In doing so, it asserts a belief that the principles of "High Architecture" are as important to the dispossessed as they are to the powerful.

new Statement.

if additional forger statement is needed call this.

a letter responding to michaels review.

As Night comes to the City, we find our way home. To our books, clothes, and bed, to family, friends, or privacy. Imagine your home, and its pivotal role in your well-being.

Now imagine it gone.

As Night comes to the City, many have no home to find. They are the homeless, whether de-institutionalized former patients, displaced workers from failing industries, victims of arson or of natural disasters. Some may simply be drop-outs, but most are in desparate need of simple shelter until they can start anew in homes of their own.

On this Night, the permanent shelters are nearly full. Some will be turned away, while others will stay away, afraid of violence.

But tonight the City is prepared.

From their storage in the Bronx rail yards, come small caravans of portable two-person shelters.

Some are placed in the parks, in vacant lots, in urban plazas. They are clustered in small villages around permanent pavilions which have been designed for easy conversion to clinics or bath houses. Here they are hooked up to central utilities. Others are set individually on wide sidewalks, where they rely on their own storage tanks and generators.

In each cart, the homeless find privacy, hygiene, and dignity, while they await their permanent homes.

And as the carts are returned to storage, the City has a responsive, flexible tool in readiness for the next lonely Night.

4.6.85

Christopher K. Egan, Architect New York City

test on the Graing.



AS THE STAND OF THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TOT

And the perfection of the control particle of the cont

The David Hill Dist publicated Hill of the Million And Andrew CARAGO TO THE WAY WITH THE TO ME A HILL OF THE THE THE THE THE AND A ACCOUNT OF THE TOTAL TO



I will fine the training

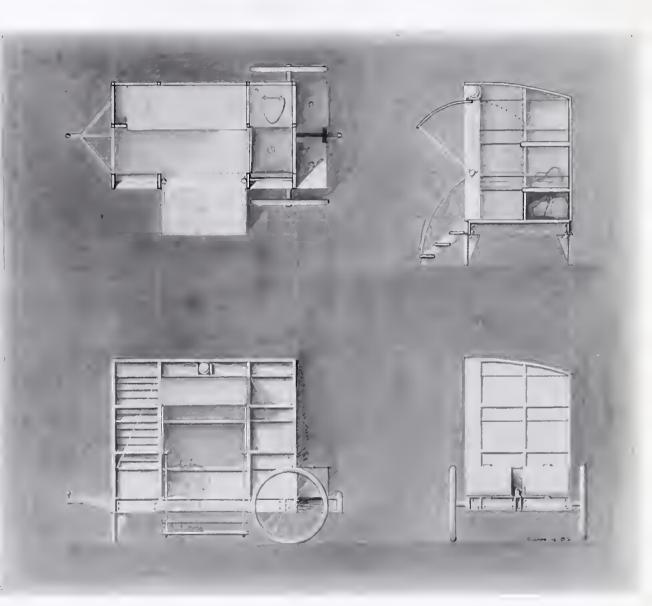
The tipe of the time of the above the flow of the time of time

The second of small transfer of processing, the constitution of the processing transfer of the second of the secon

The Section 1990 2 - AT ASSESSMENT SECTION 15 -

161 The house here, The extreme had a fine a second of the second of the

All the second of the second o



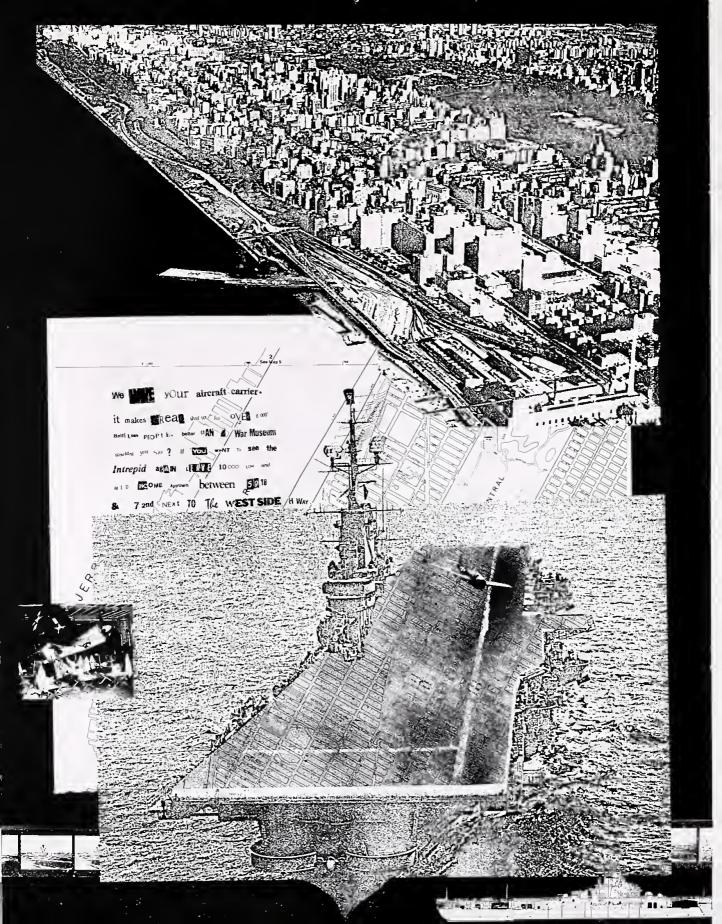
Christopher Egan
Architects
147 West 26 Street
Third Floor
New York, N.Y. 10001 USA

### KEENEN/RILEY

#### ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN

"Homeless at Home"
Keenen/Riley Architects
John Keenen, Terence Riley

The USS Intrepid sits docked in the Hudson River, at the base of West 42nd Street, an ill-used floating museum glorifying war and destruction. Our proposal is a modest one: to use this once active battleship as temporary housing shelter for New York City's growing homeless population. A single level of this multi-story battleship could provide shelter for up to 2000 people. Other levels could be used as medical and counseling facilities for the homeless. Moreover, this ship could become a floating symbol of hope: a symbol of compassion rather than one of militarism.



ALASTAIR STANDING

Phone # 206 - 1584

W. 807 - 1700

RECYCLING: THE HOMELESS

By combining the notion of homelessness with the idea of recycling waste resources, it is possible to provide shelter while reducing pollution.

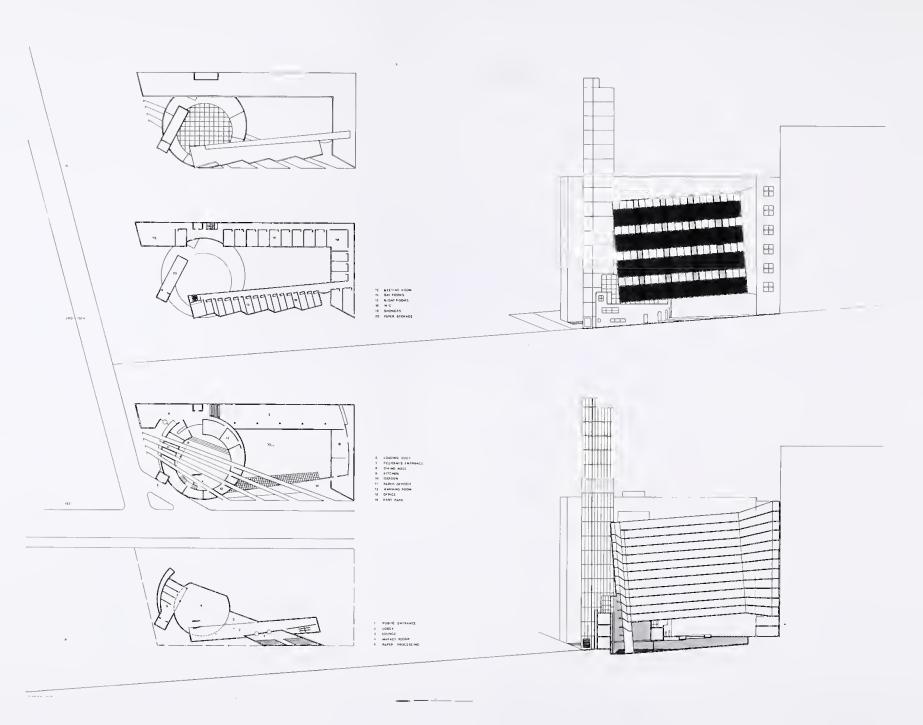
Manhattan is divided into areas that have a 15-minute walking distance on any radius. Each area will yield one waste material specific to that neighborhood.

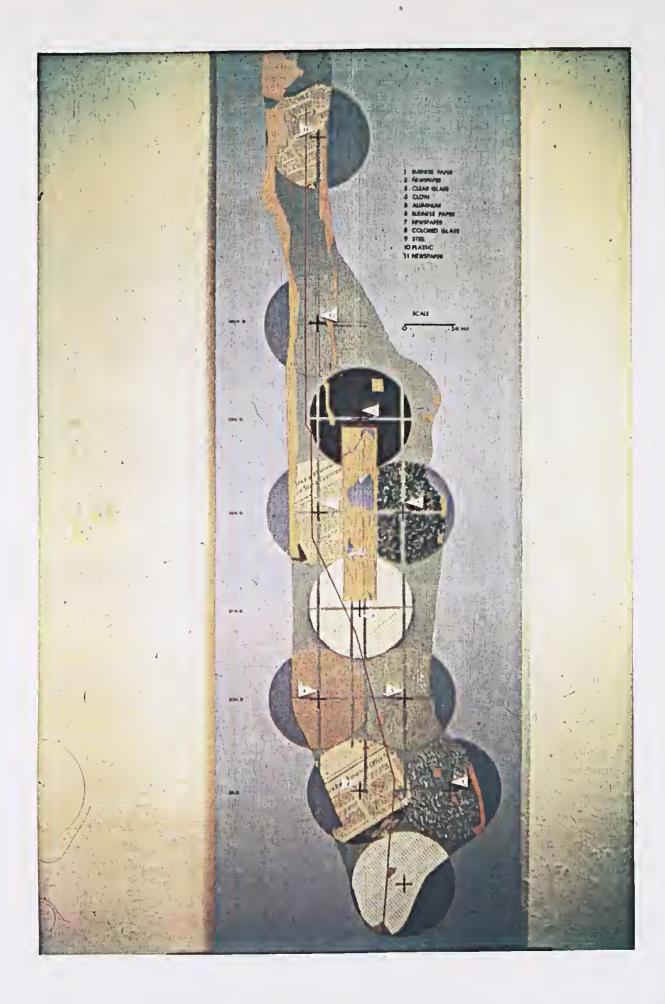
Based on the Department of Sanitation's waste tonnage figures, per ton market price and recoverable waste amounts, the number of people each area could support is deterined.

The financial area in lower Manhattan produces enough high grade paper waste to support about 200 people. A parking lot close to the theoretical center of this area is used as a site. The residents of this building are the salvagers, collecting and storing the paper, then selling it wholesale to the industry in their own market hall.

The sleeping rooms look toward city hall park (at the top of the street) through a glass facade that formally symbolizes folded paper. The block's elevation is aligned with the slope of the sidewalk and literally rests on the market hall, indicating the residents' dependence on the commercial system.







Vivian Alper Ostrow
168 Lincoln Art.
Tsland Park Wy. 11558
516-431-0212

Dear Shirin Herbat,

l was happen to learn that there will

be a catologue of the exhibition Homeless
at Home" Included you will find the

materials you need anything class, or

have Dany question pleased feel free

to all she.

Incerely

#### VIVIAN ALPER OSTROW

#### LOVE CANAL

I am an artist whose subject matter comes from my roles as a woman, daughter, wife and mother. The house therefore, for me, is particularly meaningful on a personal as well as phychological and symbolic level.

The word home means much more than a shelter or rest stop. It stands for a nest, castle, and at least theoretically, a fortress against intrusion.

In the assemblage "Love Canal" I have depicted the home violated. The house appears structurally sound, yet the very air it contains is toxic, rendering it unfit for habitation. This powerful and disturbing work deals with the notoriety, governmental ineptitude, ambivalence, confusion and terror that confronts the people whose dream house has become a nightmare from which even physical escape offers neither safety or comfort.



74/2#10H Milia Italia Star February 27, 1985

Housing for the homeless; in a nutshell Mayor George Latimer City of St. Paul St. Paul, Minnesota

#### Dear George:

Thanks for asking me to review the draft of the proposed pilot project for the homeless. The description of the problem and the scope of services proposed is great; but the housing solution is to narrow and predictable.

I suggest that rather than one housing solution, we try several. This idea of housing for the homeless is kind of new, (other than flop houses) and we've got a lot to learn. The college dormitory scheme proposed in the draft is altogether to easy.

Here's an alternate scheme, in a nut shell.

- It's cheap and fast.
  - A nut shell big enought for a single person or a couple can be purchased (made in Minnesota) for less than \$5,000.00, complete with furniture, bed, closet, refrigerator, toilet, stove, curtains, door, etc., etc., etc. ready to occupy.
  - b. The first unit could be in place in weeks, the last of 200 units could be ready long before next winter.
- 2. It requires no new land.
  - a. The units can be located in caring persons back yards, in the parking lots of caring churches, and in the parking lots of a caring city.
  - b. No buildings or land are removed from the tax base.
- It puts housing where it's needed.
  - a. The units can be located in areas of jobs and services and can be relocated to meet changing conditions.
- It gives new meaning to the term 'social services'.
  - Social workers would get a chance to add purposeful work to their scheduled visits when they pick-up the full waste tanks and drop off new tanks and fresh water.
- It's personal, private and self-contained.
  - a. How many politicians, planners and social workers share their bathrooms and kitchens with strangers.

Peter Kramer, AIA



Housing for the homeless; in a nutshell

# Roomy and Luxurious -

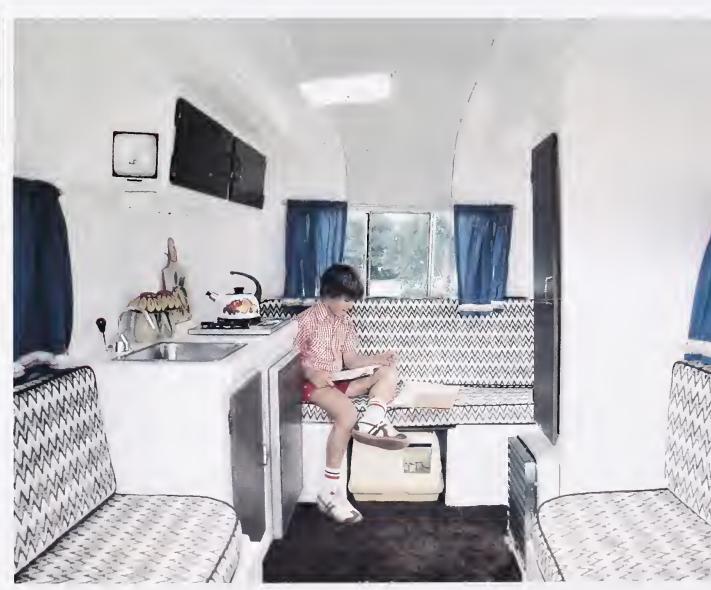


It's the feeling you want in a trailer, and Burro brings it to you. The Burro was designed so it can be easily towed by all cars.

The space inside the Burro will surprise you. There's plenty of room to sleep four and comfortably seat up to seven people. The very ample interior space assures complete comfort, as you relax in the bunk seats with their four-inch thick foam and quality upholstery.

Remember, this spacious look doesn't happen by accident. It has taken master planning to establish a "right place" for everything. But Burro designers realized this was the only way to give you the inviting, uncluttered appearance you see here.

Isn't this designer-styled interior warm and appealing? Its colors have been carefully selected for impeccable good taste, and fine craftsmanship is evident everywhere.



### Ready to Roam!

All it takes is a day or two. That's the time it takes to assemble a Burro trailer from the basic kit. If that sounds unbelievable, just remember the difficult jobs are done for you. No welding or fiberglassing are required. Basic tools are all you need.

No exterior or interior finishing is required, either, with the Burro's beautiful Gelcoat finish. And to save hours of assembly time, the fiberglass cabinetry and furniture are integral parts of the interior fiberglass walls. These interior walls are bonded to the exterior walls of the coach to eliminate the use of rivets.

To further ease your assembly task, the window openings are pre-cut and installed and the door is pre-hung. In addition,

all cupboard, closet, sink, stove, ice box and storage area openings are pre-cut.

Actually, all that remains for the Burro owner to do is put the components in place and secure them. It's so easy you'll applaud the fine engineering that has gone into the preparation of this kit. You'll be impressed with its completeness...the way it includes all the necessary components.

The Burro kit includes step-by-step assembly instructions. But, if you need additional information or assistance, our toll-free customer service number is 1-800-328-3592.



## Inviting and Hard Working -





If you've ever wondered whether there really was a "home away from home," here's your answer. You have all the accustomed comforts plus a touch of glamor for good measure.

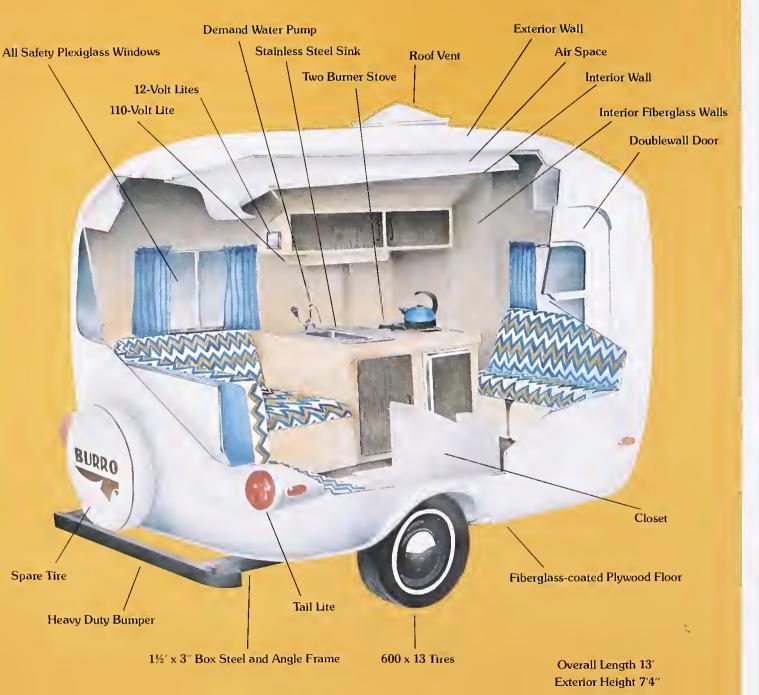
The full-curved, cushioned dinette area has seating on three sides. Because you do not have to step up into the dining area, you have an extra four inches of headroom. (This means you can enjoy the comfort of standing up in the dining area.) The swivel table facilitates easy access to the dining quarters.

Traveling "diners" want simple maintenance, too. And Burro's fiberglass construction guarantees you'll have an easy-to-wipe-clean interior for the life of your trailer.

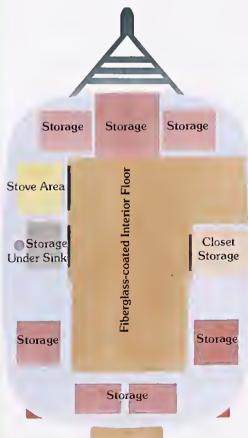
The "where-shall-we-put-it" problem is neatly solved by the large storage space under each seat plus the sink cabinet and closet area.

It takes just a few minutes to turn your attractive daytime living quarters into a restful bedroom at night. Dinette space and bunk seats are easily converted into beds, sleeping four persons in comfort. Bunk beds measure 6'4" x 24." The dinette area converts to a comfortable 6'4" x 47" double bed.

## anatomy of a Burro



- · Exterior Length: 13'
- · Exterior Height: 7'4"
- · Exterior Width: 6'5"
- · Interior Length: 10'
- · Interior Height: 6'2"
- · Interior Width: 6'4"
- · Weight Fully Equipped: Approx. 960 lbs.
- · Hitch Weight: Approx. 90 lbs.
- · Tire Size: 600 x 13
- All Safety Plexiglass Windows
- · Sleeps Four
- · Hitch Height: 14"





The Design Collective,

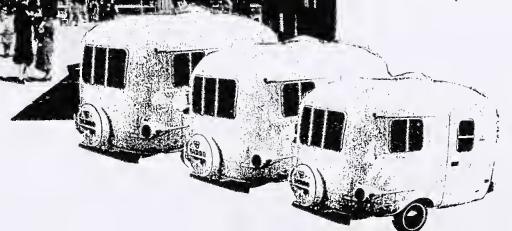
> 2929 fourth avenue so. minneapolis 55408

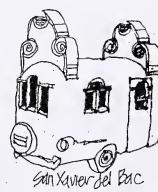
peter kramer aia





Some churches will want to have a few in their parking lots, an ideal location for folks with special needs so the church can help look after them.





KRAMER

Rob WMW

73 Washington Avenue Brooklyn, New York 11205

May 14, 1987

Shirin Neshat Assistant Director Storefront 97 Kenmare Street at Lafayette New York City, NY 10012

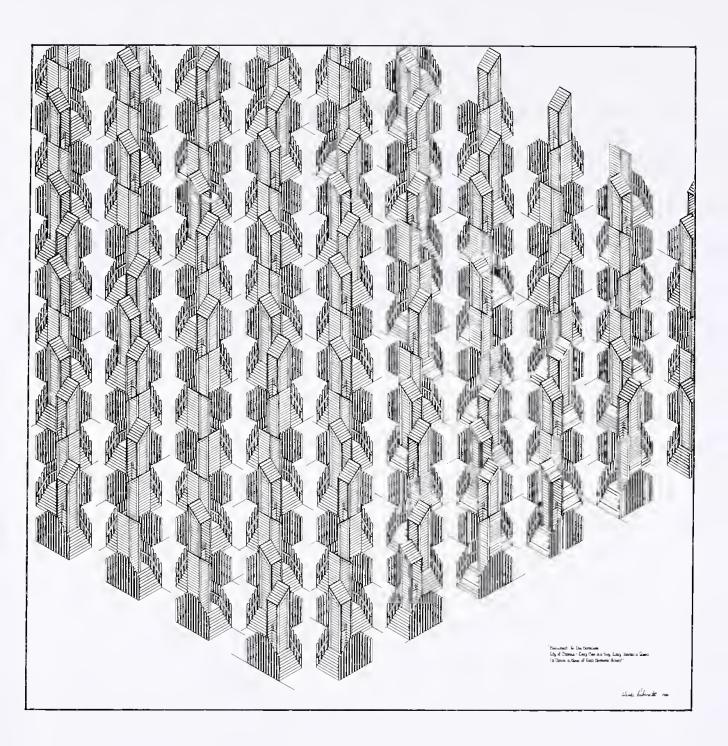
Dear Shirin Neshart,

Please find the enclosed photograph of the drawing of mine which was exhibited in the "Homeless at Home" exhibition. I have included a caption to the photograph on the back of the photograph.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if there is additional information or material I can provide. I am pleased to learn that the STOREFRONT received a grant to publish a catalogue on the exhibition.

Sincerely,

Wenda Habenicht



#### CAPTION:

"Monument To The Homeless
City of Thrones-Every Man Is A King, Every Woman A Queen
(A Throne For Every Homeless Person)"

Ink and Color Pencil on Mylar 40" x 40" 1986 Wenda Habenicht

#### Only Eyes Are Painful

They walk Their days in darkness Though invisible So they seem To the multitudes Of people Who pretend Not to see The sad and ragged figures The remains Of human beings At times You see them Crumble Against the city streets And silent Though they stumble They are bloodied At the knees And only Eyes are painful A tear you'll Rarely see And people Keep on walking Pretending Not to see The sad and ragged figures But still They're Human Beings

--Fred Calero

Fred Calero 1789 Macdonald Avenue Brooklyn, New York 11230

Dear Shirin Neshat,

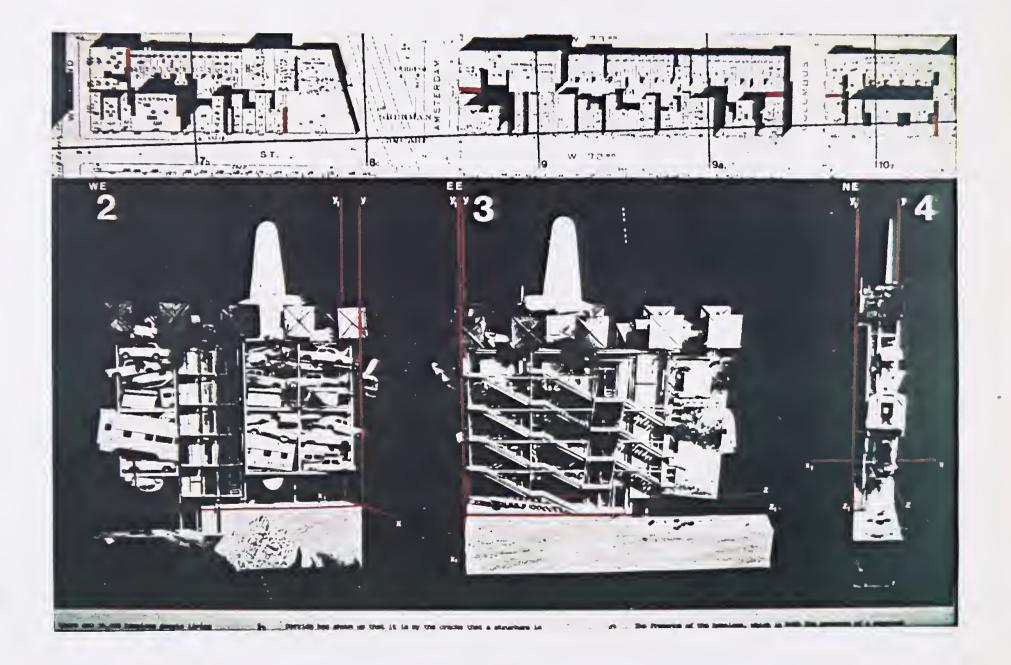
Enclosed is a poem of mine which was part of the exhibition "Homeless at Home".

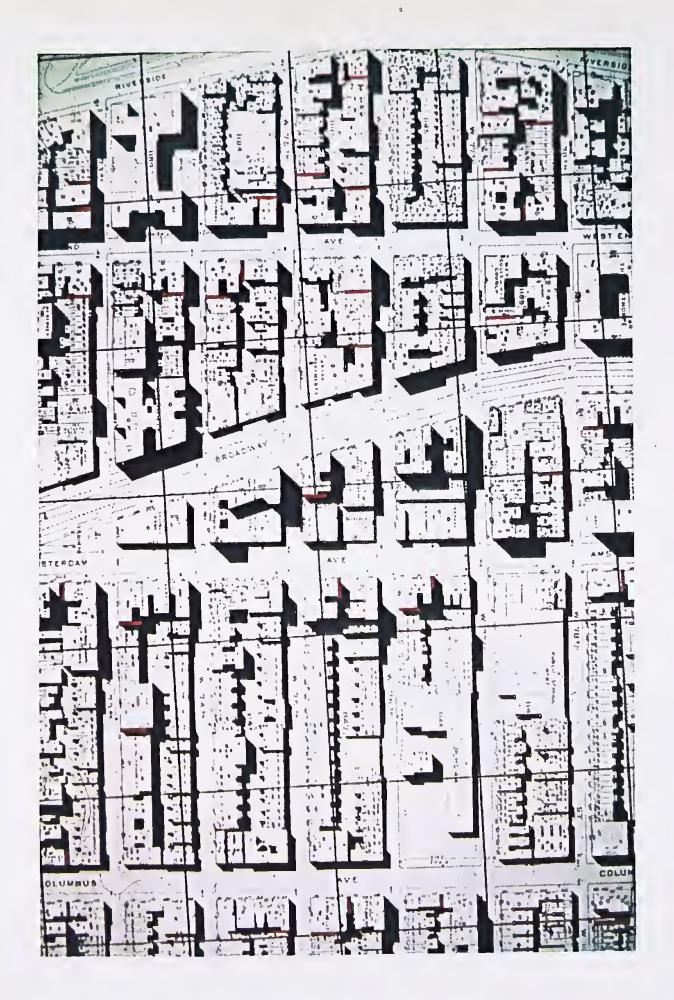
I appreciate you taking time to consider using my poem in the upcoming catalogue.

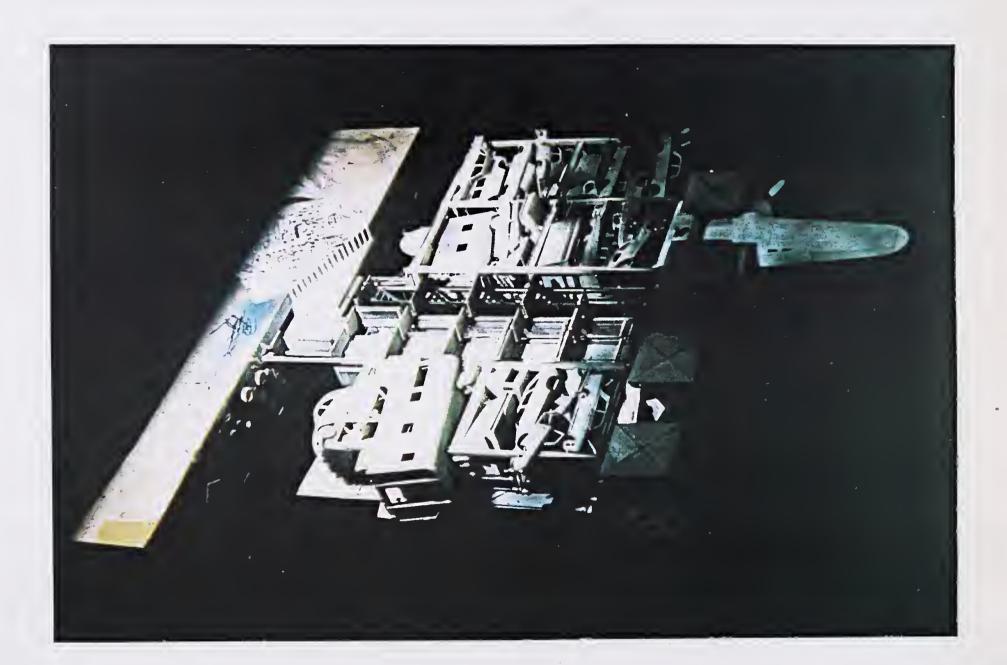
If I can ever be of any assistance in any upcoming project please feel free to contact me. My home telephone number is  $(718)\ 339-4168$ , my work number is  $(212)\ 303-8301$ .

Sincerely yours,

Fred Calero







#### SECTION-BED

Sleep, an extension of wakefulness, participates equally in the formation of psychological development.

Sleep is essential to our sanity; it is where we receive transformative encouragement and strength. The Section-Bed which utilizes several aspects of healing with foster renewal.

This structure sleeps four, but each is a separate and private space. Two beds are enclosed on three sides (for those who need isolation) and two are open (for those with claustrophobic tendencies). As the structure is an interchangeable one, the Section-Bed may be a single, double, triple or 4-unit configuration depending upon environmental circumstances. Pastel colors are soothing and regenerative.

\* we have slides of her piece



#### Statement

While Mayor Koch keeps a rent controlled apartment against the days he is no longer in office, we the little people are struggling for survival in the city of our choice, Manhattan.

He has sold the poor out to the metro-bucks and yuppies saying if "...you can't afford a loft in Soho, then go settle the Bronx...", this is sowing seeds for revolution saying in effect 'let them eat cake', when there is nothing to be had, in reasonable rents, health care and the basic necessities.

Home is where the feet are, and mine are here as are many others who are the soul of the city, from the Street Shamans to the Shoe Repair Shop owners, from the small store to the old grandmother, we are all a part of the whole and we intend to stay.

June 15, 1987



J. Rezendes

+ Oxlatogue

### STOREFRONT for Art & Architecture

97 Kenmare Street New York, NY 10012 212-431-5795

Director/Founder Kyong Park

Associate Director Shirin Neshat

Financial Consultant Peter Sebök

Board of Directors Clifton Balch Mojdeh Baratloo Frederick Ted Castle Dan Graham Richard Plunz

Lucio Pozzi

Board of Advisors Kent Barwick Richard Haas Nam June Paik Michael Sorkins James Wines Lebbeus Woods Storefront For Out? Ouch. has
reclived a work by Joyce Rezendez,
oil stick on paper mounted on
Card Board 16" x 16". on June 18,87.

Sherin Stashart

\* Plues Black and white zerox Book, named "Bagladies and Street Shamans". and a statement + Biography.

Jøyce Regender

Hi - Herei your copy. Have a Good dummer su you in the fall. Smerely I force.

A Not-For-Profit Organization funded in part by NYSCA, NEA, and J.M. Kaplan Fund, Inc. A program of Cultural Council Foundation.



#### MS JOYCE REZENDES

#### (selective biography)

	(selective biography)
EDUCATION BFA MFA,MA	California College of Arts and Crafts (CCAC) Oakland Mills College, Oakland
ONE WOMAN SH 1986	MMC GALLERY at Marymount Manhattan College, NYC GENEST GALLERY. Lambertville. New Jersey
1985-6 1984 1983	AMATO OPERA: INSIDE/OUT, Amato Opera House, NYC ST MARKS GALLERY, NYC ZIMMERMANN FINE ARTS, New Hope, Pennsylvania GALLERY OF CONTEMPORARY ART, Loeb Center, NYU, NYC CATHEDRAL MUSEUM, St John the Divine, NYC: A HOPI CREATION STORY RAZOR GALLERY, NYC
1976 1970 1964 1957	GALERIE, Calif. State Polytechnic, San Luis Obispo ITC GALLERY, Mercury Theatre, London SANTA BARBARA MUSEUM OF ART, Santa Barbara, Calif. CASA DI DANTE, Florence
GROUP SHOWS 1986	HOMELESS AT HOME, Storefront Gallery, NYC HEAVEN/HELL & GAMBLING shows, Public Image, NYC RAZOR SHOW, Jayne Baum & Hudson Galleries, NYC
1985 1984 1975 1974-8 1957 1956	OBJECTS FOR NEW RITUALS, Pictogram Gallery, NYC "SPIRIT", PS 122, NYC NEW ACQUISTIONS, H.F. JOHNSON MUSEUM, Cornell, Ithaca, NY JPL FINE ARTS, ENVELOPE SHOW, London, Stockholm, Paris FACULTY SHOW California State Polytechnic, San Luis Obispo ANNUAL EXHIBITION, San Francisco Museum of Fine Art SIX GALLERY, San Francisco
GRANTS AND 1979 1972	OTHER Artists Space Funding; A Hopi Creation Story (Twelve paintings) Episcopal Church center/National Committee on Indian Work University of Maryland Overseas Research Grant: Archetypes; Another Interpretation - Lecture and Film presented Heidelberg, 1973
1965 1960-61 1957-59	Ingram Merrill Foundation Grant for painting in Spain Mills College Teaching Fellowship, Printmaking B. Alexander Scholarship Fund for travel and study in Europe
1985 1984 1982 1973	Moderator, Razor Symposium, Hudson-Baum Galleries, NYC Speaker for Peace through Culture, NYC Guest Artist: American Indian Community House Opening, NYC Premiere THE SCROLL: 16mm/color/sound/12 min film, London

Ms Rezendes was born in Massachusettes, raised in California, travelled throughout Mexico, Guatemala, and lived in Europe for over a decade. She has studied with Diebenkorn, Hasegawa, and Kokoschka at his summerschool in Salzburg. Her work has been exhibited annually for the past twenty-five years and is in numerous private and public collections including the H.F. Johnson Museum of Art at Cornell, NBC, AT&T, IBM, Smith Barney and the American Consulate in Seville. She has taught all levels of Art History and painting, most recently at Parsons and FIT; The Open Center and The Educational Alliance West have ongoing classes she has created for them here in Manhattan where she has lived for eight years.

JOYCE REZENDES (b. 1937, Arlington, Massachusetts) was raised in Santa Barbara, and graduated from California College of Arts & Crafts where she studied with Diebenkorn, Basagawa, and Olivera. A scholarship to Europe enabled her to study at the Kokoschka Summer Academy, Salzburg, and the Accademia di Belle Arti, Florence, where her first one artist exhibition was held at Casi di Dante (1957). On ber return to San Francisco, she completed her MFA, MA at Mills College and a second solo exhibition of works inspired by a four-month visit to Mexico and Gustemala was held at Santa Barbara Museum of Art (1964). An Ingram Merrill Poundation Grant (1965) to Spain provided further European experience. Since 1965, Rezendes has been the subject of eleven further one-artist exhibitions in London, Seville Copenhagen, New York, and the west coast of America, Now living and working in New York City, she has an equally extensive record as a teacher of art history and painting including seven years at the University of Maryland Overseas. Ber work has been acquired by the Berbert P. Johnson Museum of Art at Cornell, and is many private and corporate collections, among them: ATET, IBM, NBC: Smith Barney, and the American Consulate in Seville, Spain.

### REZENDES

The abstract paintings of Joyce Rezendes express mature, emotional content caught in its moment of release. She articulates the surface of both her two- and threedimensional works with gestural marks that, from painting to painting, rearrange themselves, but always retain a sense of ordered harmony. The cutting rhythms that she produces tend to suggest a centrifugal spacial progression across the surface, rather than directly into it, but this movement is always checked and in the end returns towards the center, where the weight of the picture lies.

The continuing, clear, sharp light in her works reflect the artist's early upbringing in California and later years in Mexico, Guatemala, Italy, and Spain. Her long involvement with abstract calligraphy and the action and inaction of space has, for Rezendes, evolved to a point where she has discovered a way of using her marks as the boldest Chinese and Japanese scholar-painters used ink: yet her grip of the original source of the image is never quite broken. Her art is an exploration of an infinitely flexible means of expression, rather than one straining against its own limitations.

324 Bowery NyC 10012 677.5768

### MINIMUM NDUGH

The phenomena of homelessness has steadily more apparent in American cities in be taken for granted, but is the provision of recent years.

It is a difficult problem for most of us to understand let alone solve. Housing might be considered the solution, to get these people off the street and a roof over their heads. But is that really enough? Does that solve the problem of homelessness as it exists in American Cities today?

The present solutions are shelters which are community or church affiliated organizations Typically shelters provide a minimum; a bed to sleep in, shelter for the night, but come morning the homeless are turned back into the street with no particular place go, with no one in particular to see and with nothing in particular to do. They return to the state of homelessness until 9:00 when the Shelter may be the minimum solution, but the shelters reopen.

become The shelters provide temporary relief, not to shelter from the outside world what makes a

> Clearly not, it is only a small part. People desire to take part in society. their daily activities, a person begins to create a place for himself in society as well as in the physical world. The homeless experience little to no involvement with the society around them. In some cases this may be by choice, but normally it is because they lack the means and opportunities to do It seems obvious that in conjunction with shelter, the homeless need a network of activities which enable them to participate in society. Within these activities they can begin to construct their lives, they can begin to create their home.

minimum is not enough.

Streets stretching as far as you can see, tops of buildings disappear ing into the clouds, endless rumbling of traffic, meon shining day and night, the modern city. There is no beginning or end to it, only city; as vast and untame as the wilderness. How do we begin to domesticate the modern frontier.

In the early 1800's, promeers began to settle America's frontier. Traveling in wagons and at the day's end circling the wagons, creating a place in the vast landscape; establishing the boundaries which enabled them to fulfill their daily needs of eating, sleeping and preparing for the next day's travel. Once reaching their destinations, the pion eers would build an outpost; again creating a place in the landscape where they would begin to live their new lives. Gradually recognizing and cultivating the resources of the wilderness around them; develop ing a rhythm of life in harmony with the surrounding nature.

The circle of wagons, the walls of the outpost illustrate time and time again that the setting of perceptible boundries was the first step in domesticating the frontier. In the modern city do we exist without such boundaries? Do we live our day to day in a continuum of places and experiences with any thing possible at any time, any place...at any non-time, at any non-place? Creating an anonymity which prevents us from recognizing and cultivating the resources of the landscape which we have built around ourselves.

What are the new boundaries for the modern city which create a sense of place, which allow its inhabitants to establish their homes?

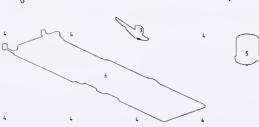
### THE CITY



R. Niess D. Wolfel

JOURNAL FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF URBAN CITIZENS

L



- ı. Sky Porches:
- 2. Roof:
- T.V.:
- Mail Stops:
- 5. Flower Pot:
- Fireplace and Pools:

Rooftops for sleeping

Horizontal enclosure amongst the verticals

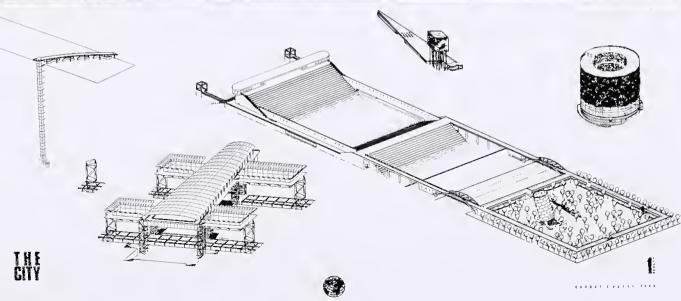
A beacon of light, a familiar object

An address for those who have none

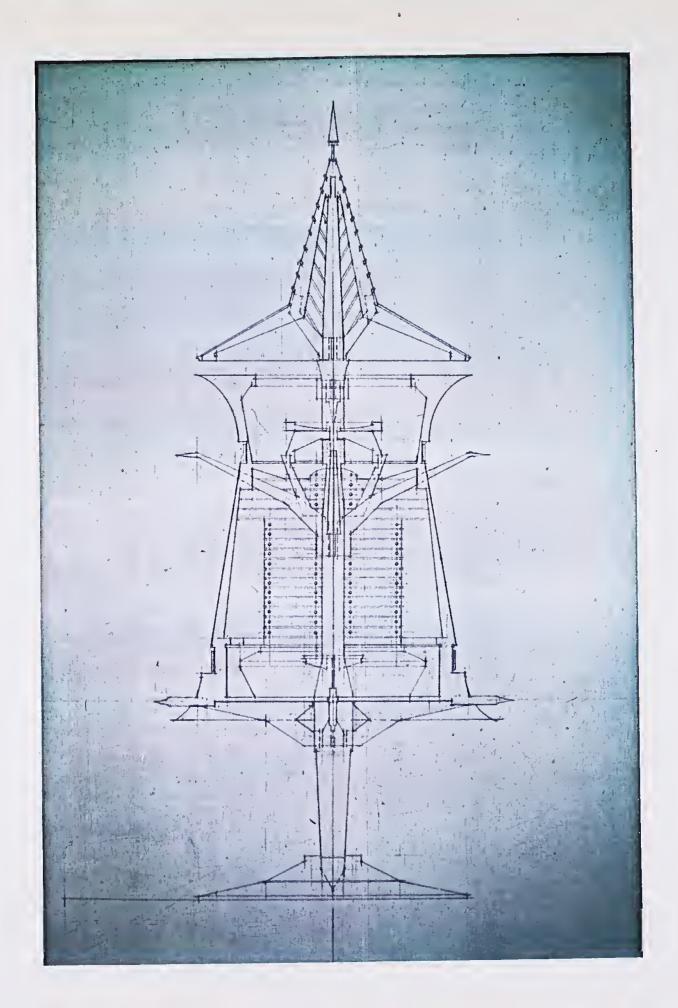
A garden for all to cultivate

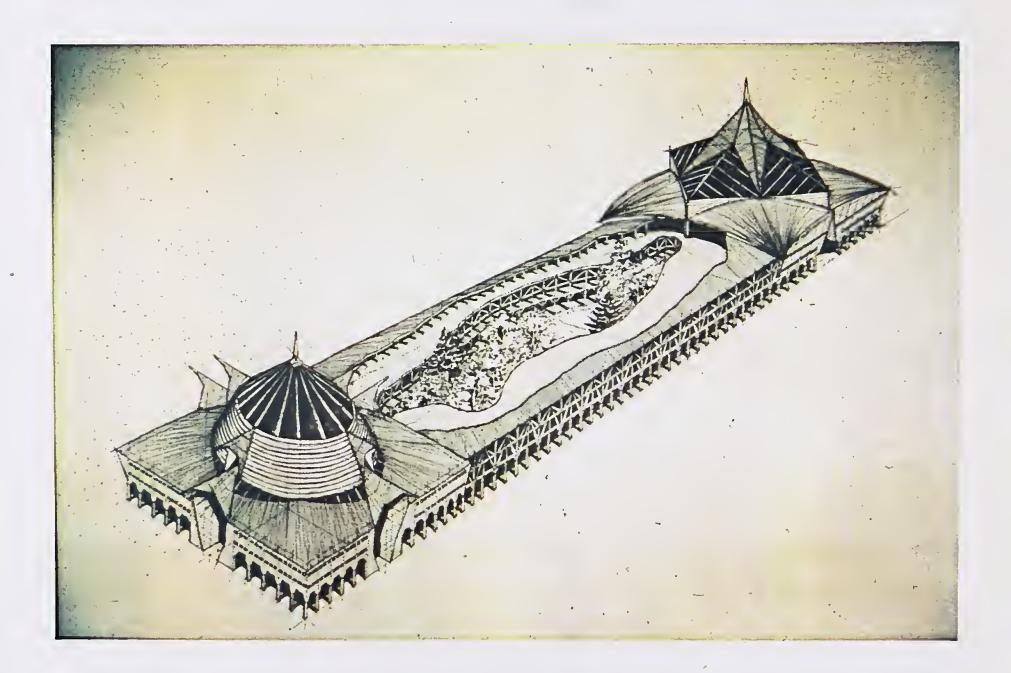
A place of human necessity, and social luxury

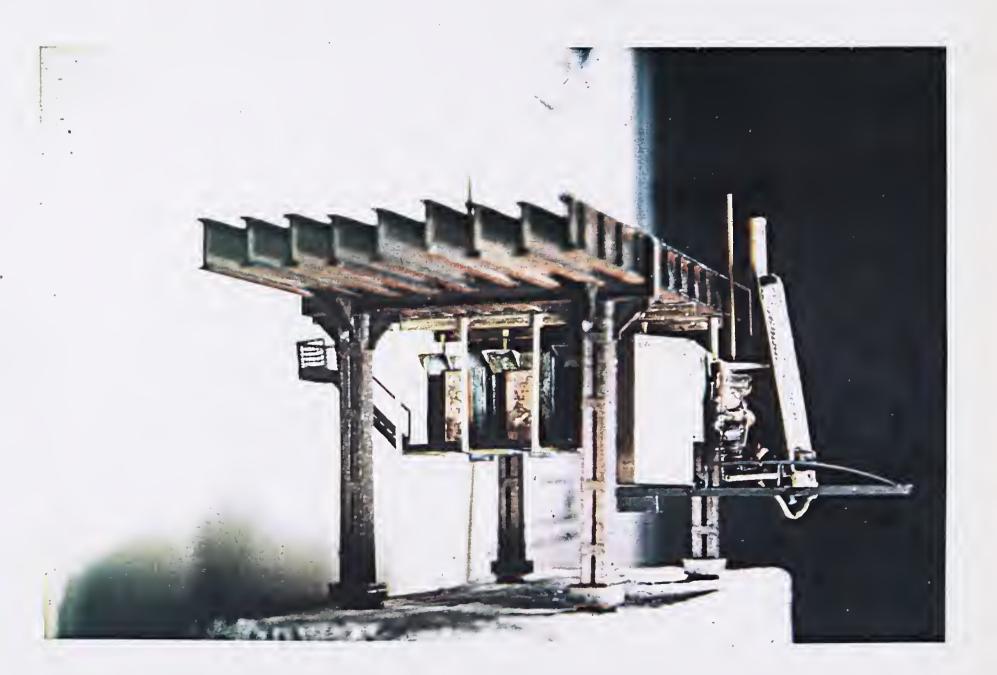




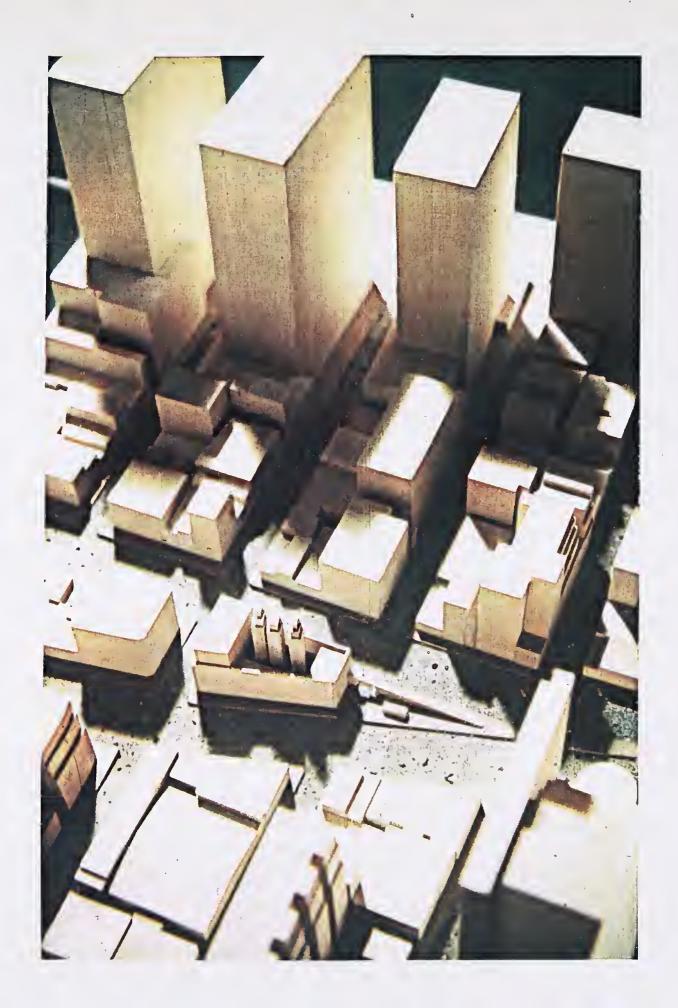
BIRLHALL
DESIGN GROUP
130 9 WISCONSON AND
NW WASH
DC 20007

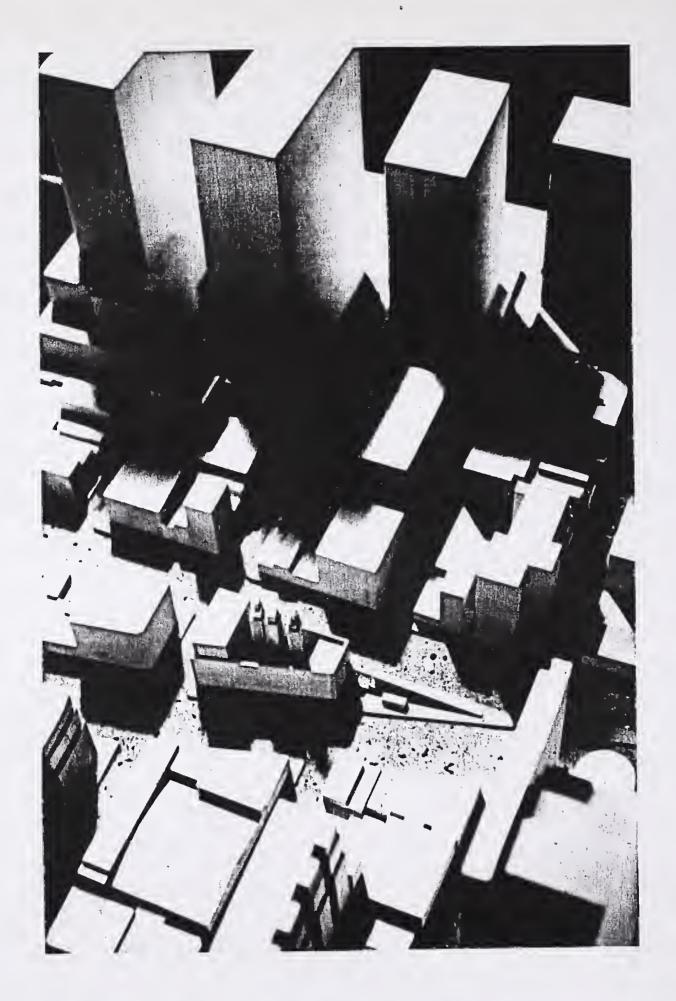












Editors: David Hanawalt and Kyong Park

Assistant Editor: Shirin Neshat

Special Thanks to: T Cousins, Suzanne McClelland, Plauto, Beth Weinstein and

Peter Wolf

The HOMELESS AT HOME project is supported by a grant from: the National Endowment for the Arts in Washington, D.C., and the New York State Council on the Arts.

This catalogue is published by STOREFRONT, a not-for-profit organization partially funded by: the National Endowment for the Arts, the New York State Council on the Arts, and their Contributors.

STOREFRONT for Art + Architecture 97 Kenmare Street New York City 10012 (212) 431-5795 (Not Missles from Houses) Houses From Missles -- Part II

They must be decommissioned by now. The Titans that were going to be Titan Village. Actually, I'm not sure -- recalling nothing in the news one way or the other. They must be decommissioned by now.

1.7 Billion for Junked Missles Homeless Numbers Inflate by Double Digit Percents New York City Budget Shows Multi-Million Dollar Surplus

Hire more police. Not just missles from houses, from bullets and nightsticks as well. The beggars become agressive.

Whitney Museum Attempts Eviction of Old Lady for Art Storage

Do not go gentle into that good night. Rage.

1986-87. Donald Trump Unveils Refurbished Central Park
Skating Rink. Donald Trump Unveils Plans for
Televison City

The World's Tallest Tower returns to New York City. Mixed use. Luxury housing. Offices. Studios.

Move over Radio City. Tell Rockefeller the news.

More and more new York fulfills Rem Koolhaas's prediction for the ultimate theme park.

Koch Proposes Baracks-Type Housing For Homeless

No privacy. No moving in. Move on.

David Dinkins Saves The Day

Titan Village is constructed of only one half of the available Titan Missles.

I have not depicted in great detail the internal structures of these buildings because they will never be built.

The whole idea of turning missles into houses is very impractical. That is the point of this piece.

The combined cost of the Titan and MX Missle program which has replaced it is approximately 3.2 Billion dollars of public funds.

The reason that there aren't enough houses is because there are too many missles.

We are turning our houses into missles. Another very impractical idea.

This piece is dedicated to the memory of Joseph Beuys.

Laura Zelaznick March 2, 1986



(Not Missles from Houses) Houses from Missles.

What you are looking at is a model of a little housing development. It is called "Titan Village" because it is made out of Titan Missles with their warheads thrown away. (Not thrown away). There is no place on Earth that you can throw away a 9 Megaton nuclear warhead. Let's just say "removed."

There are 19,000 homeless people in New York City. There are 49 Titan Missles in the United States.

Titan Missles will be decommisioned in 1987 when the 1.5 Billion dollar MX Missle program becomes active.

The US will have 49 spare Titan Missles in 1987. These 49 missles cost 1.7 Billion dollars a few years ago.

The scale of the model is approximately 18"=27 meters.

27 meters is the height of a Titan Missle with its "reentry vehicle" removed.

The diameter of a Titan Missle is three meters. Three meters makes for very cramped living quarters. Titan Village is made of units which are three meters wide and 10 ft. high. Houses are made by the accretion of units in the same way that Habitat at Montreal was created. Each Titan Missle has within it the capacity for 14 units 9ft. dx10ft. h.

Each Titan Missle cost 35 Million dollars.

An average one family house in Kew Gardens costs just \$250,000.

Sheltering (not nuclear) Arms is a mixed use type of structure standing seven stories high. It is composed of full-length Titan Missles welded together.

Glen Head, NY, 1154 June 5, 1987

Dear Group, Sorry for the delay-but I don't think my presentation wild show up well in a photograph so I am submitting a written description of my project as I mentioned to Shirin Neshat on the phone this week,

Proposal: Shelter For Homeless Youth on a Triangular Site on Sixth Avenue Between Spring Street and Grean Street-

The intent of my proposal is to create an urban oasis of humanity and safety addressed to the needs of homeless fouth experiencing temporary dislocation or disorientation and in need f housing assistance for a limited period of time.
The design consists of a small scale residence in a landscaped

setting on a triangular site.

The proposed facility design would be comprised of a total ndoor-outdoor environment in which the survainding landscaping would be a significant component in sense of an urban oasis, Itwould extend to suggested landscape improvements for the gas station across the street as well as the landscaping of a very small throughly site below it site below it

The presentation consists of a large folding ponel with a Scale site drawing of the existing situation, a scale drawing of the proposed ground floor of the facility and proposed landscaping of the triangle and improved nearby landscaping, and a scale drawing of the second floor of the shelter. In elevation drawing of the building and landscaping along with a photograph of the site is it exists complete the display.

Mary Blackey

PEAR Strefmit.

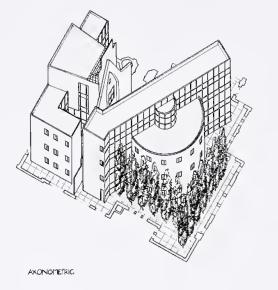
Sony to with to your

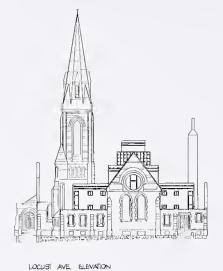
But six lost the 16H52

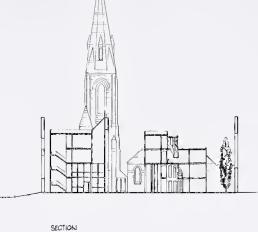
OF REGIREMENTS For the

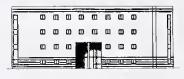
Hovsing For Hone Catalog can you Roseno?



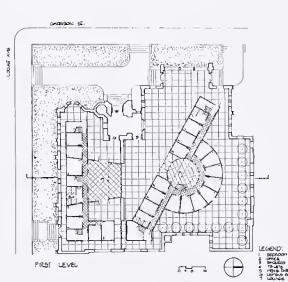


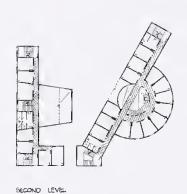


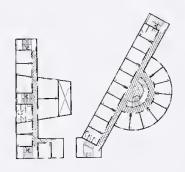


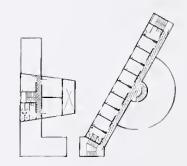


SOUTH ELEVATION OF MEN'S SECTION









THIRD LEVEL

FOURTH LEVEL

APTER SELES OF THETHING LITH FEDILE IN GARGE OF HOTLESS AT ENABLING CHECK OF CLORICE ENGAGED THE PROMATH PARTY AND THE PROMETERS OF THE PROMET

## HOMELESS at HOME

FEBRUARTY 1986

st.Louis,missouri











PESIGNED BY: FRHIDAD HAJLSHAKET

Wedel, West-Germany 28.04.87

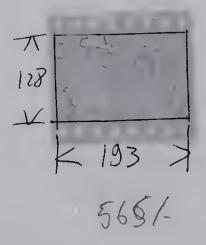
Storefront for Art + Architecture 97 Kenmare Street New York, NY 10012

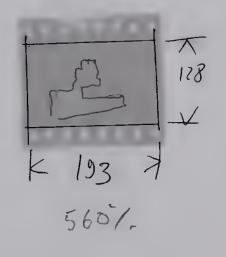
Thank you for the letter I received from N.Y. today. I am pleased to hear that a catalogue of the exhibition is about to be published and I am interested in receiving an example edition. As my original work is still in N.Y. and I do not have any possibility of coming over, we will have to find another solution of returning the original and description to me. The deadline of May 26 worries me; I do not know how to make some photos of my work since the original is in N.Y. It would be helpful if you have a suggestion.

Respectfully Juido Scholten

Guido Scholten Rosengarten & C 2000 Wedel West - Germany

## SIMILI









May 28, 1987 To Kyong Park, a written description of my project. Sincerely ( Farte Day Flame Bleecker Droject: "It Can't Stop The Dream"
slide show installation Till I was 22 years old, my impression was, that "Homeless" is a problem of a remote past.

Since that time I have been living in New York - the Homeless Capital of the World.

The confrontation with these unfortunate people on a daily basis is for me just as painful as it was for the first time.

"Homeless at home" exhibition, organized by the Storefront of Art and Architecture, gave me a chance to get involved, to make a public statement, to put all my emotions into the sculpture piece created specifically for this exhibition

Josef Housahil

NY, September 28, 1987

